TEL: (832) 636-1000 20. Box 1330 • Houston, TX 77251-1330



April 4, 2005

Mr. Donald C. Howard, Regional Supervisor Field Operations Minerals Management Service Gulf of Mexico OCS Region 1201 Elmwood Park Blvd. New Orleans, Louisiana 70123

Attention:

Mr. Alex Alvarado

MS 5232

RE:

Application for 8-Inch Bulk Gas Right-of-Way Pipeline (Spiderman 8" East Flowline) to be installed in the Desoto Canyon and Mississippi Canyon Areas, OCS Federal Waters, initiating in Desoto Canon Area Block 621 and terminating in Mississippi Canyon Area Block 920 at a proposed Floating Production Platform (Independence Hub), Gulf of Mexico, Federal Waters.

### Gentlemen,

Pursuant to the authority granted Section 5 (e) the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (67 Stat. 462) (43 U.S.C. 1331), as amended (92 Sta. 629), and in compliance with the regulations contained in Title 30 CFR Part 250 Subpart J, Anadarko Petroleum Corporation (Anadarko) is filing this application, in quadruplicate (original and three copies), for a Right-of-Way two hundred feet (200') in width for the construction, maintenance and operation of a 8-inch bulk gas pipeline to be installed in and/or through Desoto Canyon Area Blocks 621, 620, 664, 708, 752, 751, 795, 794, 793 and 837; Mississippi Canyon Area Blocks 877, 921, and 920, OCS Federal Waters, Gulf of Mexico. Anadarko agrees that said Right-of-Way, if approved, will be subject to the terms and conditions of said regulations.

The bulk gas pipeline, which is approximately 25.48 miles 134,514 feet long, will be utilized to transport bulk gas production from a subsea Manifold, located in DC-621 to the proposed floating production platform located in MC-920.

Anadarko will be the designated operator of the subject Right-of-Way bulk gas pipeline. The proposed pipeline will be designed, constructed operated and maintained in accordance with Title 30 CFR Part 250. The pipeline is to be located in a maximum water depth of 8,080 feet and a minimum water depth of 7,913 feet. Since the entire pipeline is in water depths in excess of 200 feet, the pipeline will be installed without burial below the seabed.

Installation of the proposed bulk gas pipeline will be accomplished by utilizing a Dynamically Positioned (DP) lay vessel and will not require the use of anchors for positioning. The estimated project duration is a total of 30 days commencing with pipeline installation around November 1, 2005 (21 days), followed by installation of the Steel Catenary Riser (SCR) installation around August 1, 2006. Startup is expected around July 1, 2007.

The operations base for Anadarko is located in Houma, Louisiana. During construction for this project, the base of operations will be Fourchon, Louisiana.

The proposed pipeline crosses thirteen (13) Desoto Canyon and Mississippi Canyon blocks (Desoto Canyon Area Blocks 621, 620, 664, 708, 752, 751, 795, 794, 793 and 837; Mississippi Canyon Area Blocks 877, 921, and 920). The pipeline does not cross any pipelines. In accordance with applicable regulations, Anadarko has forwarded a copy of this proposed pipeline application by Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested, to each designated Oil and Gas Lease Operator whose lease is so affected. Copies of these letters and copies of the unsigned requested Return Receipt are attached for reference. A list of Designated Operators and Right-of-Way or Easement Holders is also attached. Copies of the Return Receipts showing dates and signatures as evidence of service upon such Operators and Right-of-Way or Easement Holders will be forwarded to your office upon receipt. In the event Anadarko cannot obtain completed return receipt cards, we understand that a letter from the Lessee expressing no objection to the proposed project is acceptable. In order to expedite the permit process, Anadarko has requested a letter from the Operator expressing no objection to the proposed project. When obtained, these letters will be forwarded to your office.

The proposed route of the Right-of-Way does not adjoin or subsequently cross state-submerged lands.

Anadarko hereby certifies that the proposed activity described in this application complies with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the Coast Management Program for the states of Louisiana, Mississippi, and Florida. A copy of the letters and consistency certificates are attached for your files.

C&C Technologies conducted a pipeline Pre-Lay Survey and Hazards Study for the proposed Operations. The survey report prepared by C&C Technologies, and submitted with this application, identifies side-scan sonar contacts within the surveyed area. The coordinates of the side scan sonar contacts will be recorded into the installation vessels on-board navigation and position system and avoided during pipelay. Anadarko has reviewed the hazard survey and will comply with all recommendations found therein.

This pipeline will be inspected after installation on the seabed, by use of a Remote Operated Vehicle (ROV), to determine if any spanning has occurred. Any excessive spanning will be rectified by installing adequate supports or Vortex Induced Vibration (VIV) suppression. The location of any spans will be identified, reported, and records maintained in Anadarko's as-built construction report.

If any site, structure or object of historical or archaeological significance should be discovered during the conduct of any operations within the permitted Right-of-Way, Anadarko shall report such findings immediately, to the Director, Gulf of Mexico OCS Region, and make every reasonable effort to preserve and protect the cultural resources from damage until the Director has given directions as to its preservation.

The calculated worst-case discharge for the proposed Right-of-Way Oil Pipeline is less than 1,000 barrels. Worst-case Oil Spill calculations are included in Attachment B, Item No. 22.

Please refer to your New Orleans Miscellaneous File No. 981 for a copy of a resolution approved by the Board of Directors authorizing the undersigned to sign for and on behalf of Anadarko. Additionally, Anadarko has an approved \$300,000 Right-of-Way Grant Bond (Bond No. 945480) on file with the MMS, covering installation of right-of-way pipelines in Federal Waters, Gulf of Mexico.

Applicant agrees to be bound by the foregoing regulations, and further agrees to comply with the application stipulations as set forth in Title 30 CFR 250 (Subpart J).

Anadarko requests the following departures:

- 1. Anadarko hereby requests a waiver from NTL 98-20, Section IV.B, which requires the buoying of all existing pipeline(s) and other potential hazards located within 150 meters (490 feet) of the proposed operations. Utilizing the on-board graphic system during construction operations, Anadarko will comply with the recommended avoidance criteria of any magnetic anomalies found in the Pipeline Pre-Lay Survey Report along the proposed pipeline route.
- 2. The American National Standards Institute (ANSI) B31.8 design code and 30 CFR 250 will be used in setting the internal design pressure for the steel pipe used in the pipeline and riser. Where ANSI B31.8 does not provide specific guidance, a limit state design philosophy will be adopted. API RP 1111 will be referred to for external pressure collapse calculations, as B31.8 does not adequately address these for deepwater applications. For this reason, Anadarko hereby requests approval for the utilization of API RP 1111 for the design against collapse of the pipeline due to external hydrostatic pressure. Pertinent calculations are included for reference.
- 3. Anadarko hereby requests a waiver from recording magnetometer data as part of the shallow hazards survey in water depths beyond 600 feet.

In support of our application and for your review and use, the following exhibits have been enclosed herewith and made a part hereof:

- 1. Attachment A List of Lease Operators and Right-of-Way Holders
- 2. Attachment B Pipeline Design Criteria
- 3. Attachment C Copies of Nondiscrimination in Employment statement (one original & three copies)
- 4. General Permit Information:
  - a. Attachment D Vicinity Layout
  - b. Attachment E Route and Profile Maps
  - c. Attachment F Safety Flow Schematic
  - d. Attachment G Steel Catenary Riser at MC-920
- 5. Attachment H Copies of Lease and Pipeline crossing "Request for No Objection" letters and requested Return Receipts.
- 6. Attachments I Copies of the affected states Consistency Certification and letter of request for determinations.
- 7. Enclosure 1 MMS Checklist.
- 8. Enclosure 2 Check in the amount of \$4,300.00 of which \$2,350.00 covers the application fee and \$1,950.00 covers the five years' rental payment (at \$390.00 per year) on 25.48 miles of Right-of-Way.

9. Enclosure 3 - High Resolution Geophysical Survey Report (plus one CD with ASCII file for the flowline route) prepared by C&C Technologies. Additional copies of the CD are found in the inside cover of the Survey Report

Anadarko hereby agrees to keep open at all reasonable times for inspection by the Minerals Management Service, the area covered by this Right-of-Way and all improvements, structures, and fixtures thereon and all records relative to the design, construction, operation, maintenance and repairs, or investigations on or with regard to such area.

Contacts on technical points or other information should be directed to:

Susan Hathcock Anadarko Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 1330 Houston, TX 77251-1330 (832) 636-8758 susan\_hathcock@anadarko.com

Your efforts to approve the installation of the subject pipeline in a timely fashion would be most appreciated.

Very truly yours,

Richard E. Stites

Agent & Attorney-in-Fact

Attachments and Enclosures

# ATTACHMENT A

# LIST OF LEASE OPERATORS AND RIGHT OF WAY HOLDERS ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE

DESOTO CANYON AREA BLOCK 621 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

# A. Lease Operators

# 8" Bulk Gas Pipeline

The following lease operators are being notified of the proposed pipeline route in accordance with the "No Objection" requirements:

BLOCK	LEASE	LEASE HOLDER		
DC - 621	OCS-G-23529	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation		
DC - 620	OCS-G-23528	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation		
DC - 664	OCS-G-23532	Marathon Oil Company		
DC - 708	·	Open		
DC - 752		Open		
DC - 751	OCS-G-25862	Dominion Exploration & Production, Inc.		
DC - 795		Open		
DC - 794	OCS-G-10470	Murphy Exploration & Production Company - USA		
DC - 793	OCS-G-10469	Murphy Exploration & Production Company - USA		
DC - 837	OCS-G-10474	Mobil Oil Exploration & Producing Southeas Inc.		
MC - 877		Open		
MC - 921	OCS-G-20010	Murphy Exploration & Production Company - USA		
MC - 920		Open		

# ATTACHMENT A

# LIST OF LEASE OPERATORS AND RIGHT OF WAY HOLDERS ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE

DESOTO CANYON AREA BLOCK 621 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

# B. Pipeline Operators

The following pipeline operators are being notified of the proposed pipeline route in accordance with the "No Objection" requirements:

PIPELINE SIZE/PRODUCT	SEG.NO.	AREA/BLOCK
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4/1/2005

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### ATTACHMENT B

### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE

# DESOTO CANYON AREA BLOCK 621 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

# A. INTRODUCTION

This proposed 8-inch bulk gas pipeline will be utilized to transport production from the "Spiderman" Field located in the DeSoto Canyon Area, Gulf of Mexico. This pipeline will be part of an overall gathering system for this field, as part of the Independence Project and is shown on the attached Safety Flow Schematic.

# B. DESIGN INFORMATION

Design of the flowline system will be in accordance with 30 CFR 250. The maximum wellhead Shut-in Tubing Pressure( SITP) for any source for this pipeline is 7,700 psig, which is less than the design pressure of 8100 psig. When applicable, the effects of external pressure in the design are considered.

1. Product to be transported:

**Bulk Gas** 

2. Pipeline and Riser Specifications:

PARAMETER	PIPELINE	STEEL CATENARY RISER (SCR) AT MC - 920
Water Depth Range	8080 to 7913 ft.	0 - 7913 ft.
Length (ft)	125,514 ft. <sup>note 1</sup>	14,000 ft. (9000 ft. Horiz. Proj.) note 1
Outside Diameter (in)	8.625	8.625
Wall Thickness (in)	0.675	0.950
Buckle Arrestors (in)	0.812	
Material	API 5L	API 5L
Grade	X-65	X-65

Notes: 1. Total Right of way length is 134,514 ft.

# 3. Type of Cathodic Protection:

- a. Sacrificial Anode System (480 foot spacing)
- b. Type of Anode: Aluminum-Indium-Zinc Alloy
- c. Two (2) additional anodes will be placed at each end of the pipeline and at each pipeline crossing.
- d. Unit weight of anode: 72.7 lbs
- e. Platform anodes will not be used to protect the pipeline.
- f. Pipeline anode life: 20 years

Based on the formula:

 $Le_{(p/1)} = 3.82 \times 10^4 \times \text{w}^{\circ}/\text{DIR}$ 

Where:

Le<sub>(p/1)</sub> = Life expectancy (years) w<sup>o</sup> = Weight of anode unit (lbs) D = Diameter of pipe (inches)

# ATTACHMENT B

# PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE

# DESOTO CANYON AREA BLOCK 621 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

I = Separation between anodes (ft)

R = Rate of consumption (lbs/amp year)= 7.42 lbs/amp year

 $Le_{(p/1)} = (3.82 \times 10^4)(72.7)/[(8.625)(480)(7.42)] = 90.4 \text{ years}$ 

4. Water Depth:

Minimum of 7,913 feet at MC-920 proposed platform

Maximum of 8,080 feet

5. Description of Protective Coating:

a. Pipeline:

Fusion Bonded Epoxy (FBE) -Minimum 14-16 mils

Concrete Weight Coating (CWC) - None.

b. Riser:

Below Water: Minimum 18 mils of Fusion Bonded Epoxy (FBE) coating plus 2.5 to 4

mils of "Rough Coat" FBE coating. An abrasion resistant coating will be installed for 1000-ft. either side of the SCR touchdown location.

Splash Zone:

0.500 in. of Vulcanized Neoprene

Above Water:

10 mils (3 coat paint system; 2.5 mils Inorganic Zinc, 5 mils

Multipurpose Epoxy, 2.5 mils Aliphide Polyurethane)

6. Internal Corrosion Protection: The pipeline will be monitored for corrosion and a chemical injection program instituted if necessary. The pipeline will not be designed for pigging. However, the pipeline will be suitable for pigging if necessary later.

7. Specific Gravity: SG = weight in air (empty) / water displacement (in seawater)

Description:	Air Weight (lb/ft)	Water Displacement (lb/ft)	Sub-merged Empty Weight (lb/ft)	Pipeline/Riser Specific Gravity
PIPELINE Line Pipe: 8.625" O.D. X 0.675" W.T. with FBE Coat.	57.75	26.09	31.65	2.21
SCR 8.625" O.D. X 0.950" W.T. with FBE Coat.	78.33	26.09	52.23	3.00

8. Specific Gravity of Gas (Air = 1.0):

0.65

9. Design Capacity for Pipeline:

150 MMSCFD

### ATTACHMENT B

### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE

# DESOTO CANYON AREA BLOCK 621 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

Condensate Rate:

2 BBL/MMSCF

# 10. Flowline System Shut-in Pressure:

The following calculations determine the shut-in pressures between the (+)100-ft. elevation at the host platform (MC-920) and the base of the flowline (-)8,080-ft. For conservatism, the maximum shut-in tubing pressure for any source is utilized and a conservative Methane gas unit weight at shut-in tubing pressure of 15 lb/ft<sup>3</sup> is assumed.

$$P_{shut-in} = 8,100 \text{ psig (Wellhead Shut-in Tubing Pressure)} - (\Delta Elevation from \max wd) (\frac{15 \text{ }lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \text{ }in^2})$$

$$Host Platform + 100 \text{ MSL} \Rightarrow P_{shut-in} = 8,100 \text{ psig (Wellhead Shut-in Tubing Pressure)} - (8,180 \text{ }ft) (\frac{15 \text{ }lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \text{ }in^2}) = 7,248 \text{ }psig$$

$$Riser - 0 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{shut-in} = 8,100 \text{ psig (Wellhead Shut-in Tubing Pressure)} - (8,080 \text{ }ft) (\frac{15 \text{ }lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \text{ }in^2}) = 7,258 \text{ }psig$$

$$Riser - 7913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{shut-in} = 8,100 \text{ psig (Wellhead Shut-in Tubing Pressure)} - (167 \text{ }ft) (\frac{15 \text{ }lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \text{ }in^2}) = 8,083 \text{ }psig$$

$$Flowline - 7913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{shut-in} = 8,100 \text{ psig (Wellhead Shut-in Tubing Pressure)} - (167 \text{ }ft) (\frac{15 \text{ }lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \text{ }in^2}) = 8,083 \text{ }psig$$

$$Flowline - 8,080 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{shut-in} = 8,100 \text{ psig (Wellhead Shut-in Tubing Pressure)} - (0 \text{ }ft) (\frac{17.48 \text{ }lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \text{ }in^2}) = 8,100 \text{ }psig$$

# 11. Hydrostatic Test Pressure:

The Hydrostatic Test pressure and duration at the (+) 100-ft elevation at the Host platform will be 9100 psig and 8 hours respectively. This test pressure is based on the meeting 125% of the Maximum Shut-in pressure at any location of the flowline system.

# Required Hydrostatic Test Pressure

The hydrostatic test pressure is calculated below to ensure that the minimum required test pressure of 125% of the shut-in tubing pressure at any location within the flowline system is met. The calculations below determine the required hydrostatic test pressures at all locations of the flowline.

Test Pressure at Host Platform + 100 MSL 
$$\Rightarrow P_{reg \ hyd} = 7,248 \ \text{psig} \times (125\%) = 9,060 \ psig$$

$$Riser - 0 \ \text{fsw} \Rightarrow P_{reg \ hyd} = 7,258 \ \text{psig} \times (125\%) = 9,073 \ psig$$

$$Riser - 7913 \ \text{fsw} \Rightarrow P_{reg \ hyd} = 8,083 \ \text{psig} \times (125\%) = 10,104 \ psig$$

$$Flowline - 7913 \ \text{fsw} \Rightarrow P_{reg \ hyd} = 8,083 \ \text{psig} \times (125\%) = 10,04 \ psig$$

$$Flowline - 8,080 \ \text{fsw} \Rightarrow P_{reg \ hyd} = 8,100 \ \text{psig} \times (125\%) = 10,125 \ psig$$

### Minimum Hydrostatic Test Pressure

Based on the above calculations, the minimum hydrostatic test pressure at the top of riser ((+) 100-ft) will ensure that the required hydrostatic test pressure at all locations of the flowline are met. The minimum Hydrostatic test pressure of 9,060 psig will be maintained at the (+) 100-ft. elevation. The calculations below show the actual minimum hydrostatic test pressure at all locations along the flowline, accounting for seawater as the hydrotest medium (64 lb/ft³).

# ATTACHMENT B

### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

### ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

### 8-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE

# DESOTO CANYON AREA BLOCK 621 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

$$\Rightarrow P_{\min hyd} = 9,060 \text{ psig} + (\Delta Elevation from} (+)100 ft) (\frac{64 lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 in^2})$$
Host Platform + 100 MSL  $\Rightarrow P_{\min hyd} = 9,060 \text{ psig} + (0ft) (\frac{64 lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 in^2}) = 9,060 \text{ psig}$ 

$$Riser - 0 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min hyd} = 9,060 \text{ psig} + (100 ft) (\frac{64 lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 in^2}) = 9,104 \text{ psig}$$

$$Riser - 7913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min hyd} = 9,060 \text{ psig} + (8013 ft) (\frac{64 lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 in^2}) = 12,621 \text{ psig}$$

$$Flowline - 7913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min hyd} = 9,060 \text{ psig} + (8013 ft) (\frac{64 lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 in^2}) = 12,621 \text{ psig}$$

$$Flowline - 8,080 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min hyd} = 9,060 \text{ psig} + (8180 ft) (\frac{04 lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 in^2}) = 12,695 \text{ psig}$$

# Effective Hydrostatic Test Pressure

Allowing for external pressure differential, the effective hydrostatic test pressure at any location of the flowline are calculated below. This effective hydrostatic test pressure will be utilized to determine the requirement to maintain a hoop stress of less than 95% of the specified minimum yield strength in the flowline system(section 14).

$$\Rightarrow P_{eff \ hyd} = P_{\min \ hyd} - \text{Water Depth } (f)(\frac{64 \ lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144 \ in^2})$$
Host Platform + 100 MSL  $\Rightarrow P_{\min \ hyd} = 9,060 \text{ psig} - (0 \ f)(\frac{64 \ lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144 \ in^2}) = 9,060 \ psig$ 

$$Riser - 0 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min \ hyd} = 9,104 \text{ psig} - (0 \ f)(\frac{64 \ lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144 \ in^2}) = 9,104 \ psig$$

$$Riser - 7913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min \ hyd} = 12,621 \text{ psig} - (7913 \ f)(\frac{64 \ lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144 \ in^2}) = 9,104 \ psig$$

$$Flowline - 7913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min \ hyd} = 12,621 \text{ psig} - (7913 \ f)(\frac{64 \ lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144 \ in^2}) = 9,104 \ psig$$

$$Flowline - 8,080 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min \ hyd} = 12,695 \text{ psig} - (8080 \ f)(\frac{64 \ lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144 \ in^2}) = 9,104 \ psig$$

# 12. Internal Design Pressure of Flowline:

The flowline and riser pipe design pressure and subsequent pipe wall thickness requirements are based on the design equation as required in 30CFR250, Subpart J. The maximum shut-in tubing pressure at any wellhead source is 7,700 psig, and the maximum design pressure is 8,100 psig. The calculations below are for:

- Riser (All Locations)
- Flowline (All Locations)

For the Riser and Flowline segments, the minimum water depth is utilized to determine the external pressure, yielding the most conservative result.

### ATTACHMENT B

### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

### 8-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE

# DESOTO CANYON AREA BLOCK 621 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

# Riser (All Locations)

$$t = \frac{\left(P_{i\text{-}}P_{e}\right)D}{2(F)(E)(T)(S)} \quad \Rightarrow \qquad 30 \text{ CFR 250 , ANSI B31.8 (rearranged)}$$

S = Specified Minimum Yield Strength (SMYS) = 65,000 psi

D = Pipe Outside Diameter= 8.625 in.

F = Construction Design Factor = 0.60 (Riser Pipe per 30 CFR 250)

E = Longitudinal Joint Factor = 1.0 (Seamless Pipe)

T = Temperature Derate Factor = 1.0 (Temp. ≤ 250 °F)

t = Pipe Wall Thickness= 0.950 in

P. = Internal Design Pressure= 8100 (psig)

 $P_s = External Pressure = P_{seawater}$ 

$$= \left( (0 \text{ ft}) \left( \frac{64 \text{ lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right) \left( \frac{\text{ft}^2}{144 \text{ in}^2} \right) \right) = 0 \text{ psig (calculated at minimum water depth)}$$

$$t_{\text{nom}} = \frac{\left(8,100 \text{ lb/in}^2 - 0 \text{ lb/in}^2\right) \left(8.625 \text{ in}\right)}{2\left(0.60\right) \left(1.0\right) \left(1.0\right) \left(65,000 \text{ lb/in}^2\right)} = 0.896 \text{ in}$$
$$= 0.950 \text{ in Selected} \implies \text{OK}$$

### Pipeline (All Locations)

$$t = \frac{(P_i - P_e)D}{2(F)(E)(T)(S)}$$
  $\Rightarrow$  30 CFR 250 , ANSI B31.8 (rearranged)

S = Specified Minimum Yield Strength (SMYS) = 65,000 psi

D = Pipe Outside Diameter= 8.625 in.

F = Construction Design Factor = 0.72 (Pipeline per 30 CFR 250)

E = Longitudinal Joint Factor = 1.0 (Seamless Pipe)

 $T = Temperature Derate Factor = 1.0 (Temp. \le 250 °F)$ 

t = Pipe Wall Thickness= 0.675 in

P<sub>i</sub>= Internal Design Pressure= 8100 (psig)

 $P_e$  = External Pressure =  $P_{\text{seawater}}$  (Calculated at minimum water depth)

$$= \left( (7913 \text{ ft}) \left( \frac{64 \text{ lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right) \left( \frac{\text{ft}^2}{144 \text{ in}^2} \right) \right) = 3,517 \text{ psig}$$

$$t_{nom} = \frac{\left(8,100 \text{ lb/in}^2 - 3,517 \text{ lb/in}^2\right) \left(8.625 \text{ in}\right)}{2(0.72)(1.0)(1.0)(65,000 \text{ lb/in}^2)} = 0.422 \text{ in}$$

= 0.675 in Selected 
$$\Rightarrow$$
 OK

### ATTACHMENT B

### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE

# DESOTO CANYON AREA BLOCK 621 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

13. Pipe Design Pressure (P) of Flanges, Fittings and Valves in Pipeline and Riser:

Valves:

API Rating:

10,000 psig

Flanges, etc:

API Rating:

10,000 psig

14. Pipeline Hoop Stress During Hydrotest:

In order to verify that 95% of the material Specified Minimum Yield Strength is not exceeded during hydrotesting, the calculations below were performed for each location along the riser and flowline system. The effective hydrotest pressure determined in section 12 above were utilized.

% SMYS at Hydrotest = 
$$\frac{P_{eff \ hyd}D}{2tS} \times 100\%$$

D = Outside Pipe Diameter = 8.625 (in)

t = Pipe Wall Thickness = varies (in) (Riser = 0.950 in, Pipeline = 0.675 in)

S = Specified Minimum Yield Strength (SMYS) = 65,000 psi

Peff hyd = EffectiveHydrostaticTestPressure = varies (lb/in2) (refer to section 12 above)

Host Platform + 100 MSL 
$$\Rightarrow$$
 % SMYS at Hydrotest =  $(\frac{9,060 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{8.625 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{0.950 \text{ in}})(\frac{\sin^2}{65,000 \text{ lb}}) \times 100\% = 63.3\%$ 

Riser -0 fsw 
$$\Rightarrow$$
 % SMYS at Hydrotest =  $(\frac{9,104 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{8.625 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{0.950 \text{ in}})(\frac{\text{in}^2}{65,000 \text{ lb}}) \times 100\% = 63.6\%$ 

Riser - 7913 fsw 
$$\Rightarrow$$
 % SMYS at Hydrotest =  $(\frac{9,104 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{8.625 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{0.675 \text{ in}})(\frac{\text{in}^2}{65,000 \text{ lb}}) \times 100\% = 89.5\%$ 

Flowline - 7913 fsw 
$$\Rightarrow$$
 % SMYS at Hydrotest =  $(\frac{9,104 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{8.625 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{0.675 \text{ in}})(\frac{\text{in}^2}{65,000 \text{ lb}}) \times 100\% = 89.5\%$ 

Flowline - 8,080 fsw 
$$\Rightarrow$$
 % SMYS at Hydrotest =  $(\frac{9,104 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{8.625 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{0.675 \text{ in}})(\frac{\text{in}^2}{65,000 \text{ lb}}) \times 100\% = 89.5\%$ 

15. Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure (MAOP):

For this design, the Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure of the flowline and riser will be based on the lesser of the following at each location in the flowline system:

- 80% of Hydrostatic test Pressure (Determined Below)
- Design Pressure (Determined in Section 12)

MAOP Based on 80% of Hydrostatic Testing

The Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure for this flowline system is based upon the design pressure of 8,100 psig. This pressure, however, would not be experienced for the entire length of the flowline due to the internal and external hydrostatic pressures. The presence of Hydrotest Water, and/or Product Gas can reduce the pressure at the top of the riser significantly. Based upon the fluid

# ATTACHMENT B

### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

### 8-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE

# DESOTO CANYON AREA BLOCK 621 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

hydrostatic pressure calculations, the situation with the entire pipeline filled with Methane gas is taken as the "worst" case. Although it is extremely unlikely that this condition would ever occur, it would not be possible to have any fluid combination in the flowline that could produce a higher shut-in pressure at the top of the riser. If one assumes that this is in fact the "worst" case, the following calculations show the Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure (MAOP) based upon the "effective" hydrotest pressure at designated location along the flowline system.

MAOP = 80% Effective Hydrotest Pressure + External Pressure 
$$= (P_{eff \, hyd} \times 80\%) + P_e$$

$$P_{eff \, hyd} = P_{thyd} - H_e \text{ (See Section 11 Above)}$$

$$P_e = \text{External Pressure} = (\Delta E_e) (\frac{64lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144in^2})$$

$$\Delta E_e = \text{Depth of sea water outside pipeline}$$

$$\Delta E_e = Depth \text{ of sea water outside pipeline}$$

$$Host Platform + 100 \text{ MSL} \Rightarrow \qquad \text{MAOP} = \left[ (9,060 psig \times 80\%) + [(0fi)(\frac{64lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144in^2})] \right] = 7,248 psig$$

$$Riser - 0 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow \qquad \text{MAOP} = \left[ (9,104 psig \times 80\%) + [(0ft)(\frac{64lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144in^2})] \right] = 7,283 psig$$

$$Riser - 7913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow \qquad \text{MAOP} = \left[ (9,104 psig \times 80\%) + [(7913fi)(\frac{64lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144in^2})] \right] = 10,800 psig$$

$$Flowline - 7913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow \qquad \text{MAOP} = \left[ (9,104 psig \times 80\%) + [(7913fi)(\frac{64lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144in^2})] \right] = 10,800 psig$$

$$Flowline - 8,080 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow \qquad \text{MAOP} = \left[ (9,104 psig \times 80\%) + [(8,080fi)(\frac{64lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144in^2})] \right] = 10,874 psig$$

# **MAOP Evaluation:**

Location Along Pipeline	Flowline System Shut-in Pressure (Methane Filled) (psig)	80% Hydrostatic Test Pressure ** (psig)	Design Pressure (psig)	Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure (MAOP)*** (psig)
Riser Pipe @ +100' MSL	7,248	7,248	8,100	7,248
Riser Pipe @ -0' MSL	7,258	7,283	8,100	7,283
Riser Pipe @ -7913' MSL	8,083	10,800	8,100	8,100
Flowline @ -7913' MSL	8,083	10,800	8,100	8,100
Flowline @ -8080 fsw	8,100	10,874	8,100	8,100

- \* The operating pressure is the pressure seen at the point in the riser/flowline based upon a Methane gas filled flowline system
- \*\* The 80% hydrotest pressure is the pressure determined by 80% of the effective hydrostatic test pressure plus the external seawater pressure.
- \*\*\* The Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure is determined by the minimum of:
  - a. 80% Hydrostatic Test Pressure
  - b. Design Pressure

# ATTACHMENT B PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION 8-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE

# DESOTO CANYON AREA BLOCK 621 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

- 16. Riser Protection: The Steel Catenary Risers(SCR's) will be suspended from the floating production platform. From the top of the SCR, piping for the risers will be located within the confines of the production platform structure and thus protected by the host structure. Therefore, "Riser Guards" will not be required.
- 17. On Bottom Stability: Stability against effects of water currents and storms has been evaluated. The specific gravity of the operational oil pipeline is more than adequate to ensure on-bottom pipeline stability in these water depths.
- 18. Pipeline Spanning: A pipeline span analysis has been conducted along the entire route. Although the analysis indicates the possible existence of pipeline spans after installation, these spans are within allowable limits for installation, operation and hydrostatic testing. The analysis accounts for static and dynamic stresses as well as vortex induced vibrations. All stresses for installation, operation and hydrostatic testing are within allowable limits. The potential spans lengths identified are short enough such that Vortex Induced Vibrations (VIV) are not expected. Should spans which exceed allowable limits be found after installation, these will be rectified with placement of intermediate supports, or VIV suppression.
- 19. Collapse Due to External Pressure: The riser and flowline pipe has been designed to resist collapse due to external pressure. Evaluation has been performed in accordance with API Recommended Practice 1111 (Third Edition). The evaluations for both the riser pipe and flowline pipe were conducted based on the maximum associated water depth. Results are provided below:

4/1/2005

### ATTACHMENT B

### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

8-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE

# DESOTO CANYON AREA BLOCK 621 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

### Riser Pipe:

P. = ExternalPressure (Sea Water Hydrostatic Pressure)

$$P_{e} = (D_{H_{2}0})(\rho \rho_{H_{2}0})$$

$$D_{H_20}$$
 = Water Depth (ft)

$$\rho \rho_{\rm H_20} = \text{Sea Water Density} (64 \, \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3})$$

$$P_e = \left[ (7,913 \text{ ft}) \left( \frac{64 \text{ lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right) \left( \frac{\text{ft}^2}{144 \text{ in}^2} \right) \right] = 3,517 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^2}$$

$$P_{e} = 3,517 \, psig$$

$$P_s = \frac{(P_y)(P_{ins})}{\sqrt{(P_v^2 + P_{ins}^2)}} = Collapse Pressure of Pipe$$

$$P_y$$
 = Plastic Yield Pressure =  $\frac{2St}{D}$ 

S = Pipe Yield Strength (
$$\frac{lb}{in^2}$$
) = 65,000  $\frac{lb}{in^2}$ 

$$D = Pipe Outside Diameter (in) = 8.625 in$$

$$P_y = (\frac{2}{1})(\frac{65,000 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{0.950 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{8.625 \text{ in}}) = 14,319 \text{ lb/in}^2$$

$$P_y = 14,319 \text{ psi}$$

$$P_{ins}$$
 = Elastic Instability Pressure = (2.2)(E)  $\left(\frac{t}{D}\right)^3$ 

E = Elastic Modulus = 29,000,000 
$$\frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^2}$$
 (for steel)

$$P_{ins} = (2.2)(\frac{29,000,000 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{0.950 \text{ in}}{8.625 \text{ in}})^3 = 85,254 \text{ lb/in}^2$$

$$P_{ins} = 85,254 \text{ psi}$$

$$P_{s} = \frac{(14,319 \frac{lb}{in^{2}})(85,254 \frac{lb}{in^{2}})}{\sqrt{((14,319 \frac{lb}{in^{2}})^{2} + (85,254 \frac{lb}{in^{2}})^{2})}} = 14,121 \frac{lb}{in^{2}}$$

$$P_c = 14,121 \text{ psi}$$

Safety Factor Against Casing Collapse = 
$$\frac{P_s}{P_e} = \frac{14,121 \text{ psi}}{3,517 \text{ psi}} = 4.20 \implies \text{OK: Safety Factors} > 1.5 \text{ are adequate}$$

### ATTACHMENT B

# PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

8-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE

# DESOTO CANYON AREA BLOCK 621 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

### Flowline Pipe:

P<sub>c</sub> = ExternalPressure (Sea Water Hydrostatic Pressure)

$$P_e = (D_{H,0})(\rho \rho_{H,0})$$

D<sub>H.0</sub> = Water Depth (ft)

$$\rho \rho_{\rm H_20} = \text{Sea Water Density} (64 \text{ lb/ft}^3)$$

$$P_e = \left[ (8,080 \text{ ft}) \left( \frac{64 \text{ lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right) \left( \frac{\text{ft}^2}{144 \text{ in}^2} \right) \right] = 3,591 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^2}$$

$$P_e = 3,591 psig$$

$$P_s = \frac{(P_y)(P_{ins})}{\sqrt{(P_v^2 + P_{ins}^2)}} = Collapse Pressure of Pipe$$

$$P_y = Plastic Yield Pressure = \frac{2St}{D}$$

S = Pipe Yield Strength 
$$(\frac{lb}{in^2})$$
 = 65,000  $\frac{lb}{in^2}$ 

$$t = Pipe Wall Thickness (in) = 0.675 in$$

$$D = Pipe Outside Diameter (in) = 8.625 in$$

$$P_{y} = (\frac{2}{1})(\frac{65,000 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^{2}})(\frac{0.675 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{8.625 \text{ in}}) = 10,174 \text{ lb/in}^{2}$$

$$P_{v} = 10,174 \text{ psi}$$

$$P_{ins}$$
 = Elastic Instability Pressure = (2.2)(E) $\left(\frac{t}{D}\right)^3$ 

$$E = Elastic Modulus = 29,000,000 \frac{1b}{in^2}$$
 (for steel)

$$P_{ins} = (2.2)(\frac{29,000,000 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{0.675 \text{ in}}{8.625 \text{ in}})^3 = 30,581 \text{ lb/in}^2$$

$$P_{ins} = 30,581 \text{ psi}$$

$$P_{s} = \frac{(10,174 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^{2}})(30,581 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^{2}})}{\sqrt{((10,124 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^{2}})^{2} + (30,581 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^{2}})^{2})}} = 9,658 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^{2}}$$

$$P_s = 9,937 \text{ psi}$$

Safety Factor Against Casing Collapse = 
$$\frac{P_s}{P_e} = \frac{9,658 \text{ psi}}{3,591 \text{ psi}} = 2.69 \implies \text{OK: Safety Factors} > 1.5 \text{ are adequate}$$

# ATTACHMENT B

# PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION 8-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE

# DESOTO CANYON AREA BLOCK 621 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

- 20. Buckle Arrestors: The riser pipe has been designed to resist a propagating buckle if initiated. The flowline pipe has not been designed to resist a propagating buckle if initiated. The flowline will be installed with buckle arrestors designed to arrest propagating buckles and spaced at 1000-foot spacings.
- 21. Pipeline Crossings: There are no crossings of existing pipelines associated with this installation.
- Worst Case Discharge: As this is a "dry" gas flowline, oil spill volumes due to a leak in the flowline system would be minimal. However, the worst case oil spill calculations take into account potential retrograde condensate trapped in the pipeline. The potential "worst case" calculation is summarized below:

System leak detection plus shutdown response time: 1.5 minutes

Predicted oil(condensate) flow rate: 0.291 bbl/min

Flowing volume loss: 1 bbl

Longest untrapped volume: 4 bbl

Worst Case Discharge: 5 bbl

23. Steel Catenary Riser

The riser for this flowline, which connects to a floating semi-submersible production platform will be a Steel Catenary Riser (SCR) connected to the platform hull. The SCR riser will be designed for a minimum life of 20-years with a minimum fatigue life of 200-years, providing a factor of safety against fatigue of 10. In order to reduce the Vortex Induced Vibration contribution to the fatigue damage, Helical Strakes or Fairings will be installed on the upper portions of the riser.

# ATTACHMENT B PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION 8-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE

# DESOTO CANYON AREA BLOCK 621 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

# C. INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

The pipeline will be installed in a water depths to 8,080 feet. The pipeline is located in water depths greater than 200 feet, therefore pipeline burial is not required.

The 8-inch line will be electrically isolated from the platforms.

### D. CONSTRUCTION INFORMATION

- 1. Proposed Construction Commencement date is November 1, 2005.
- 2. Shore Construction Base to be located in Fourchon, Louisiana.
- 3. The pipeline and spools will be installed by a dynamically positioned S-lay lay vessel. The SCR riser will be installed by a dynamically positioned Derrick Semi Submersible vessel.
- 4. The pipeline will not be buried.
- 5. Time Required for Construction: Pipeline :3 weeks (Approx. November/December 2005), SCR Hangoff: 1 week (Approx. August 2006)

4/1/2005

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR MINERALS MANAGEMENT SERVICE

# NONDISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT

As a condition precedent to the approval of the granting of the subject pipeline right-of-way, the grantee, Anadarko Petroleum Corporation hereby agrees and consents to the following stipulation which is to be incorporated into the application for said right-of-way.

During the performance of this grant, the grantee agrees as follows:

During the performance under this grant, the grantee shall fully comply with paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 202 of Executive Order 11246, as amended (reprinted in 41 CFR 60-1.4(a)), which are for the purpose of preventing discrimination against persons on the basis of race, color, religion, sex or national origin. Paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 202 of Executive Order 11246, as amended, are incorporated in this grant by reference.

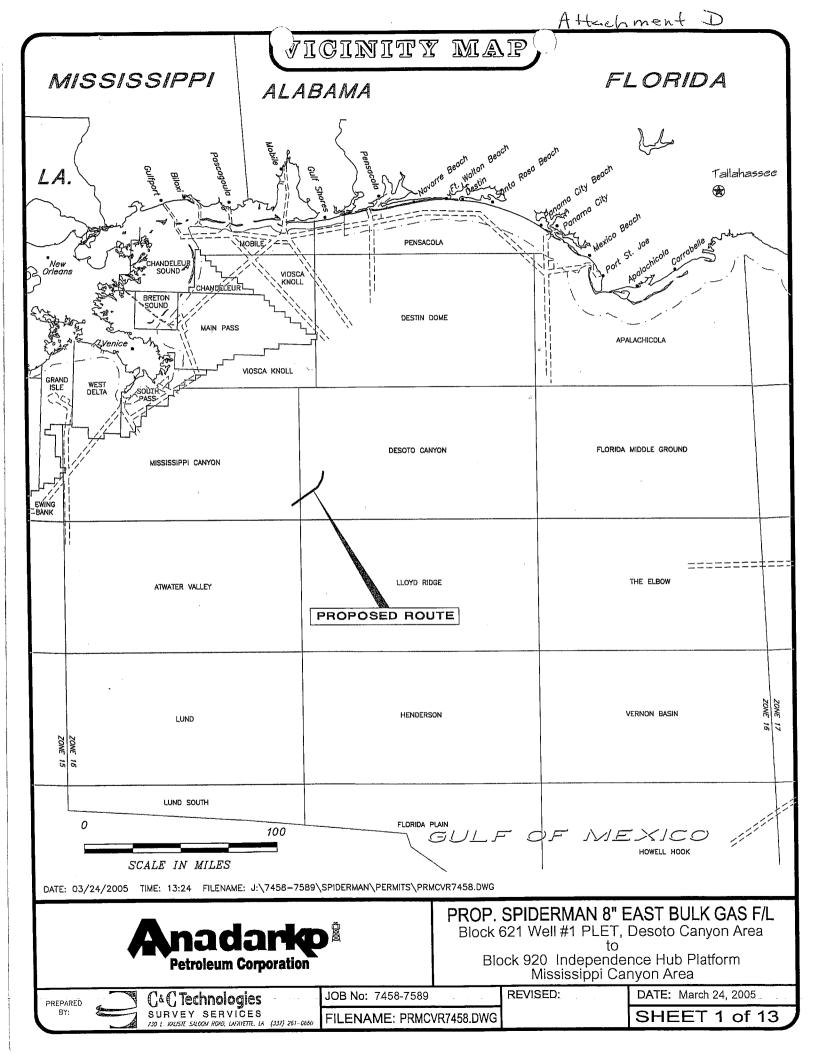
Anadarko Petroleum Corporation - Grantee

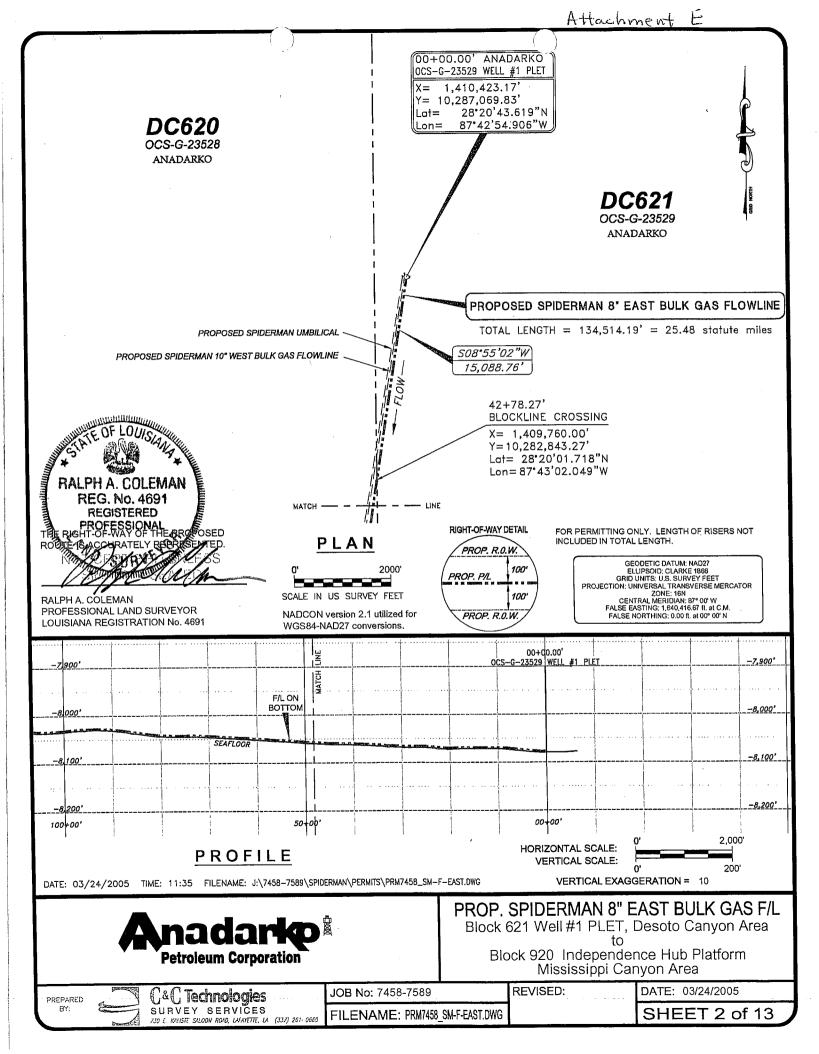
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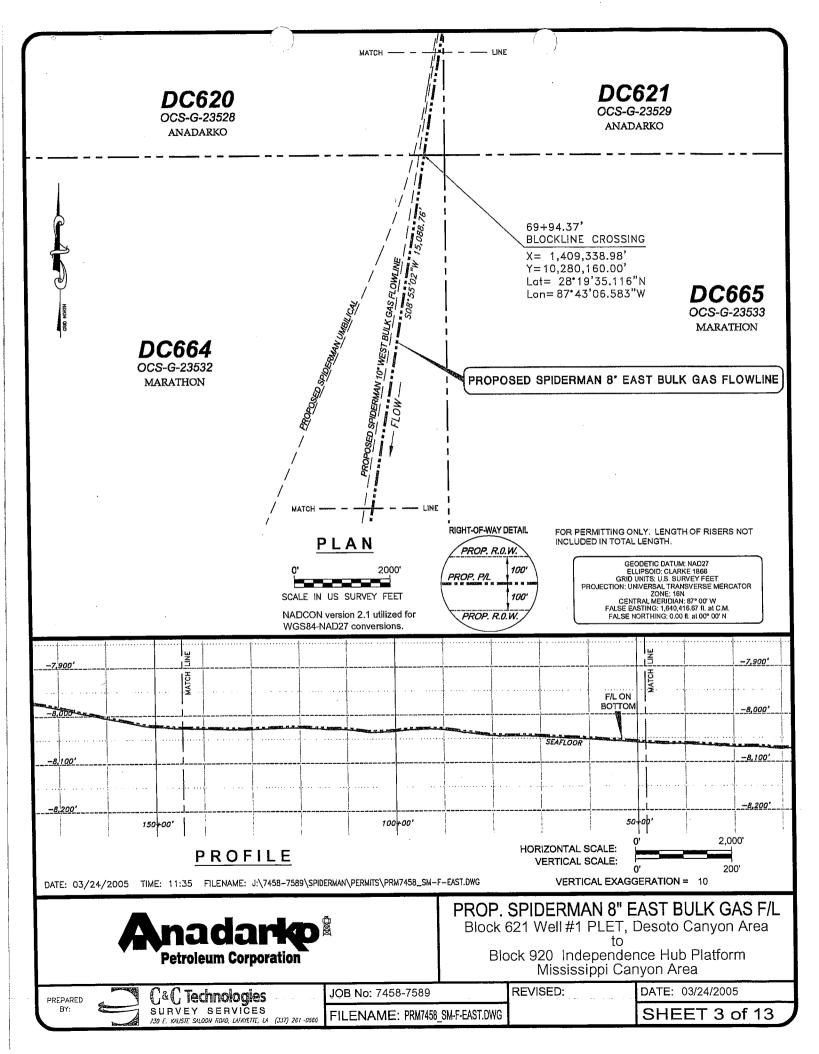
Richard E. Stites

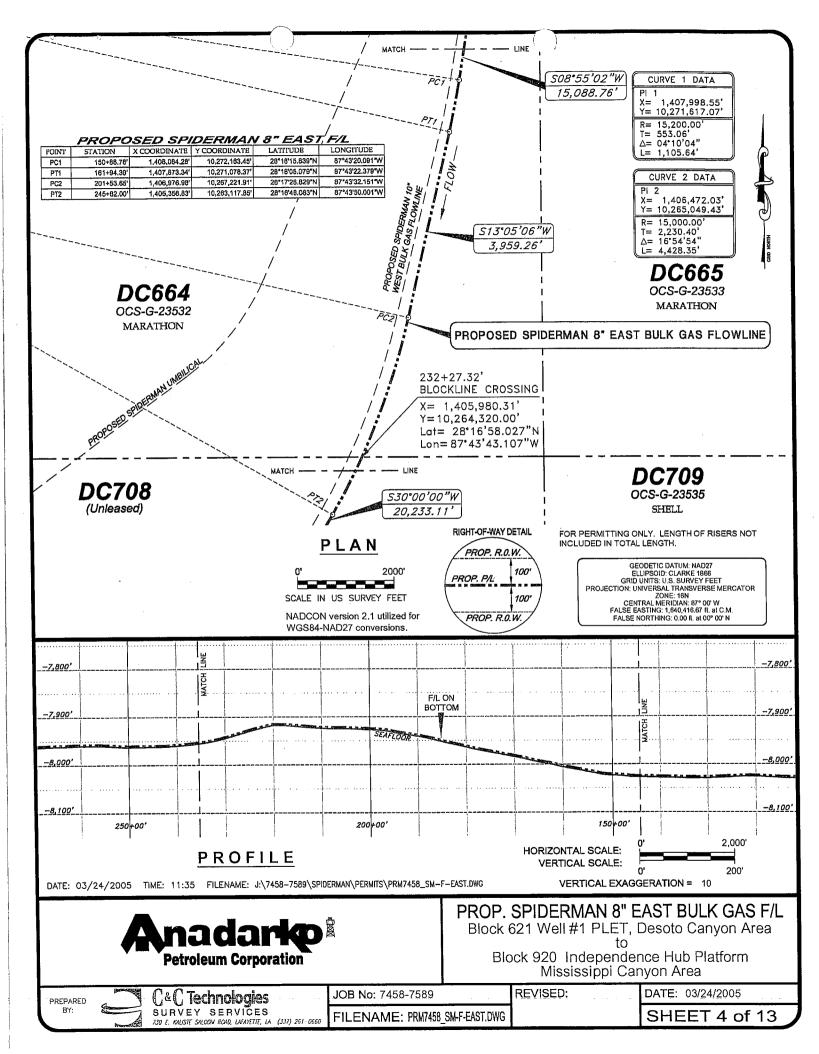
Agent & Attorney-in-fact

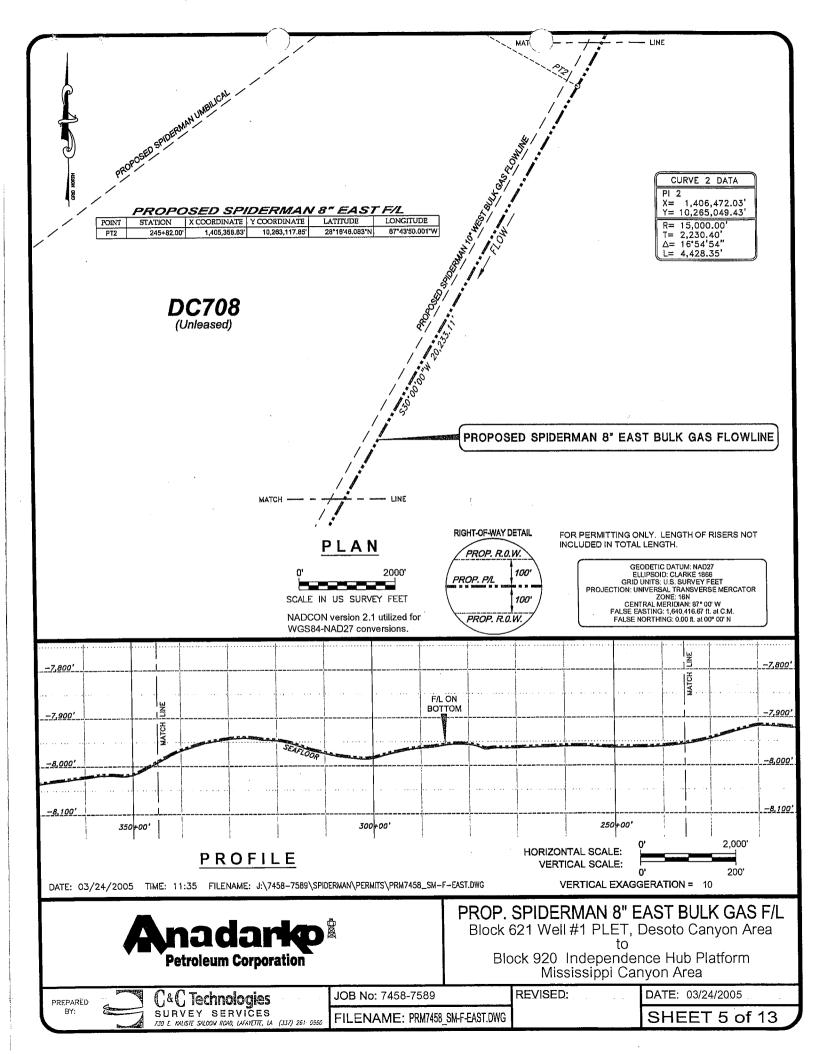
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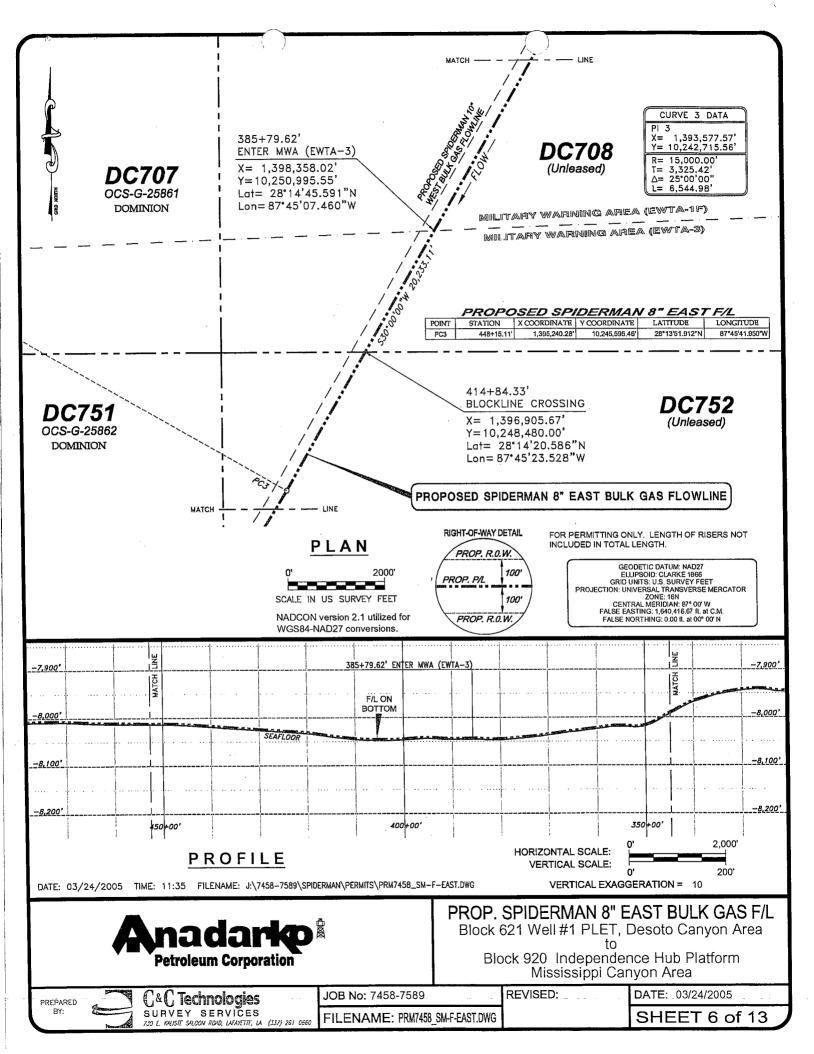


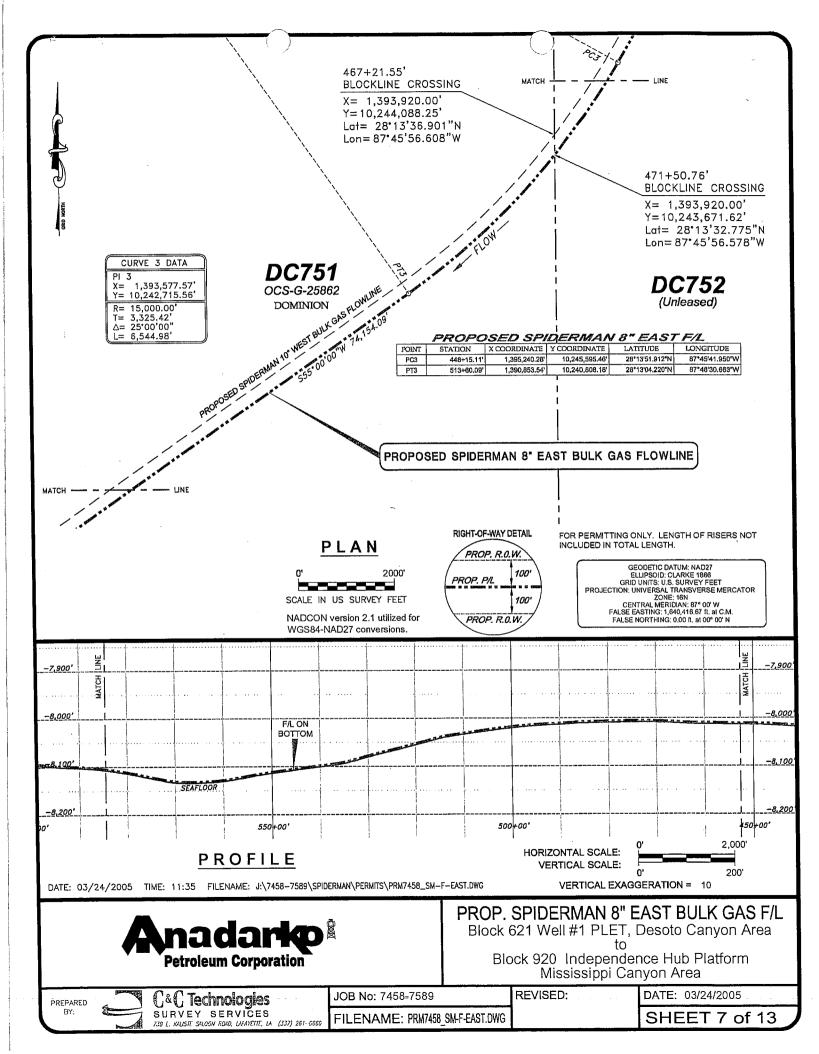


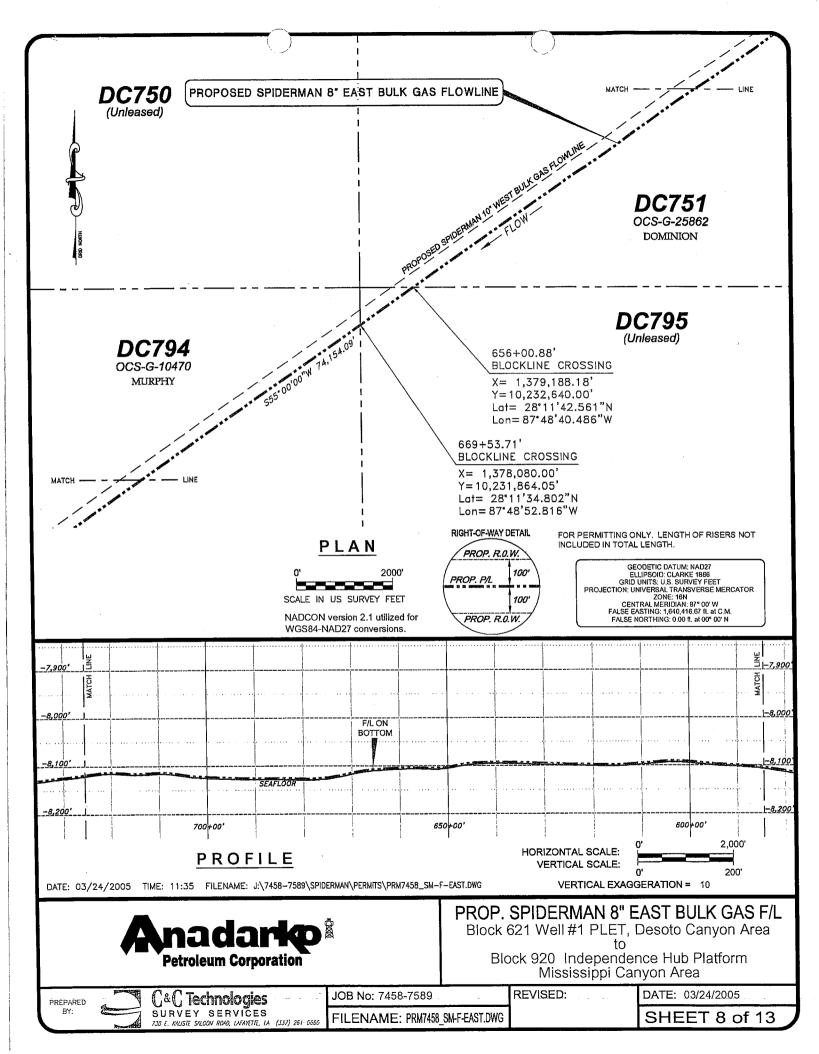


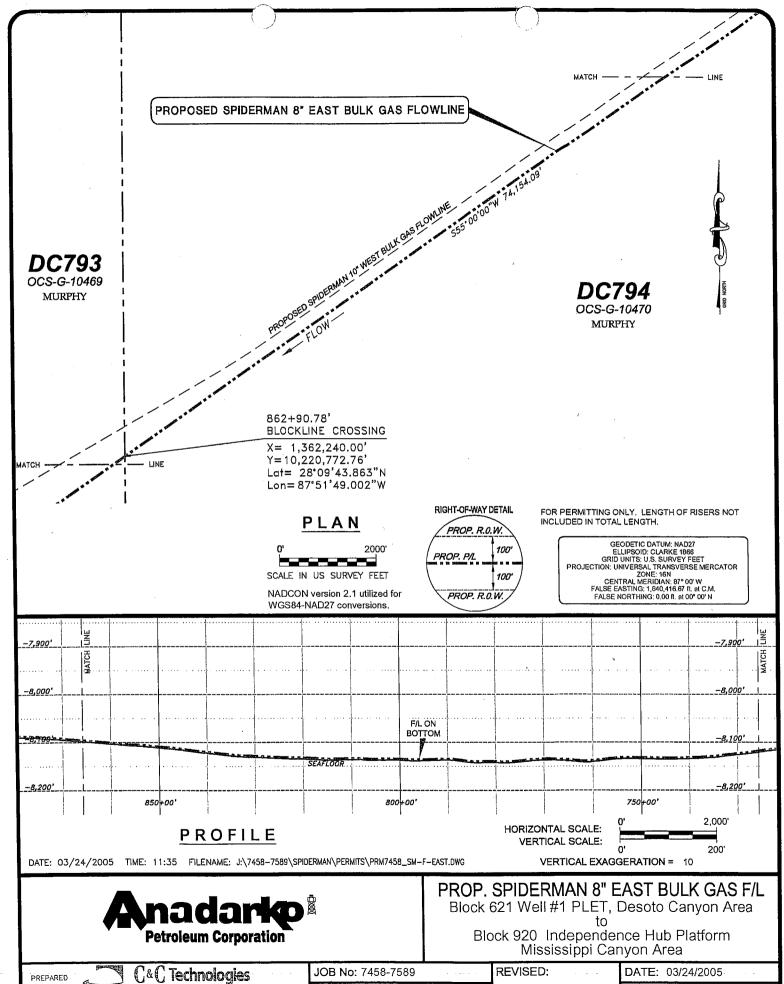








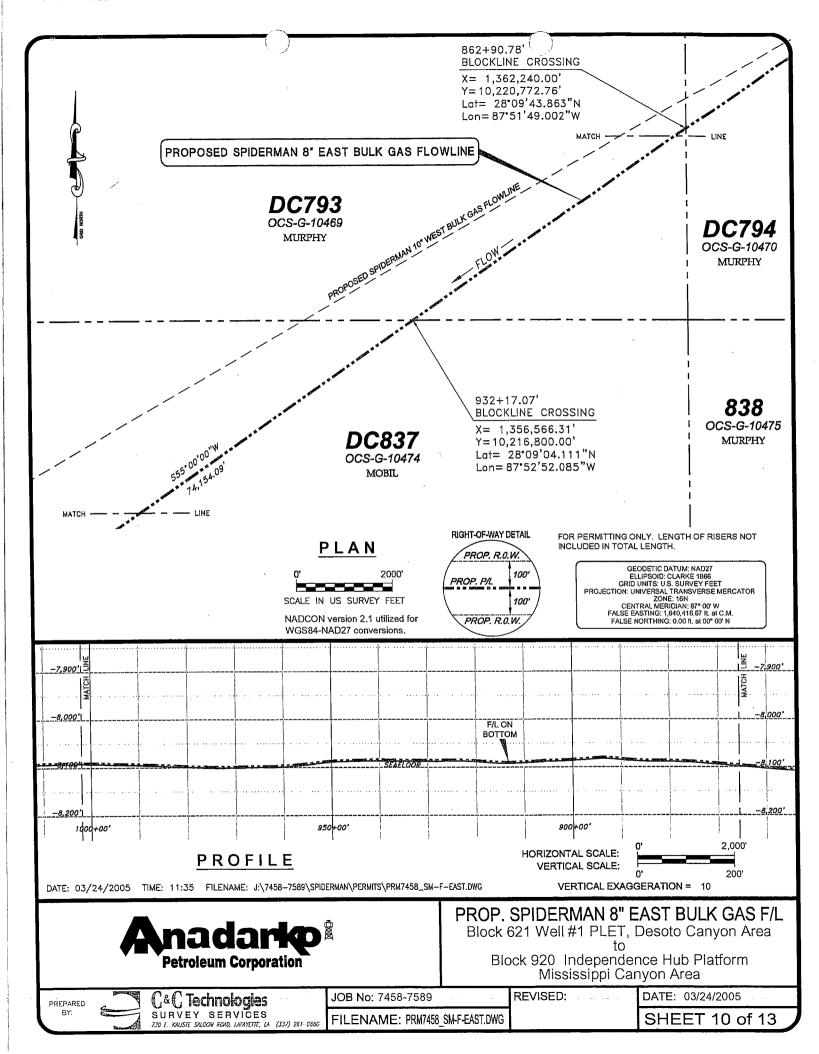


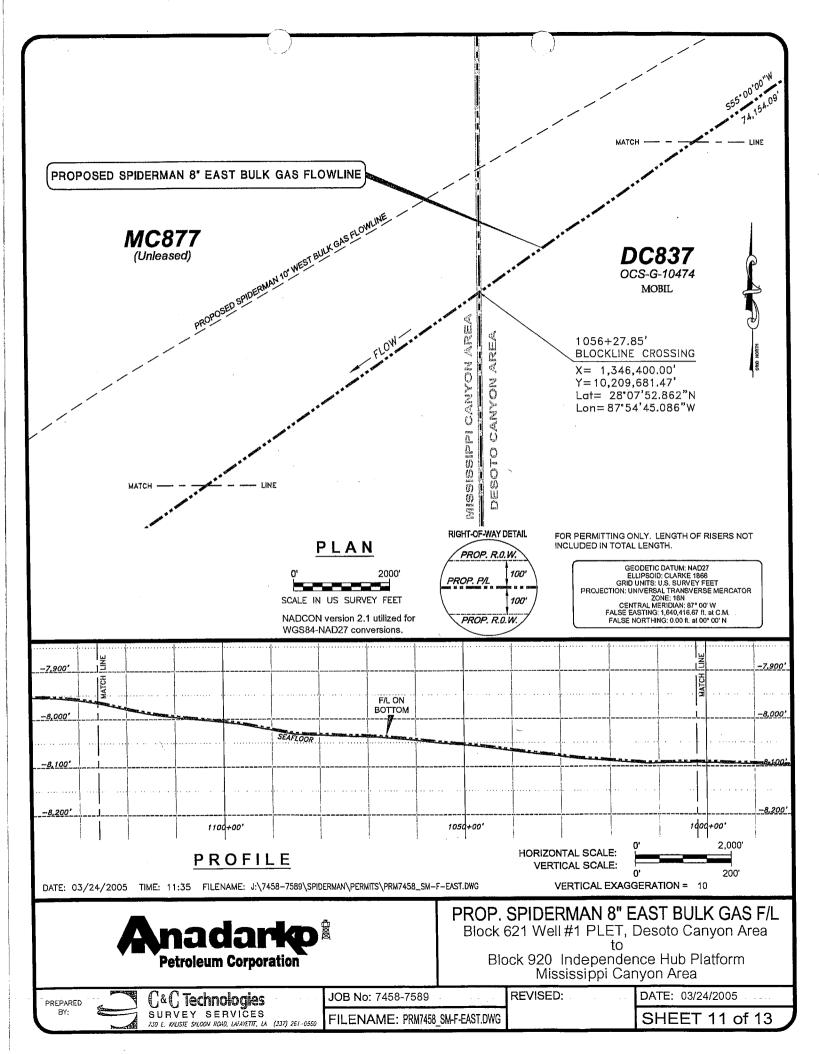


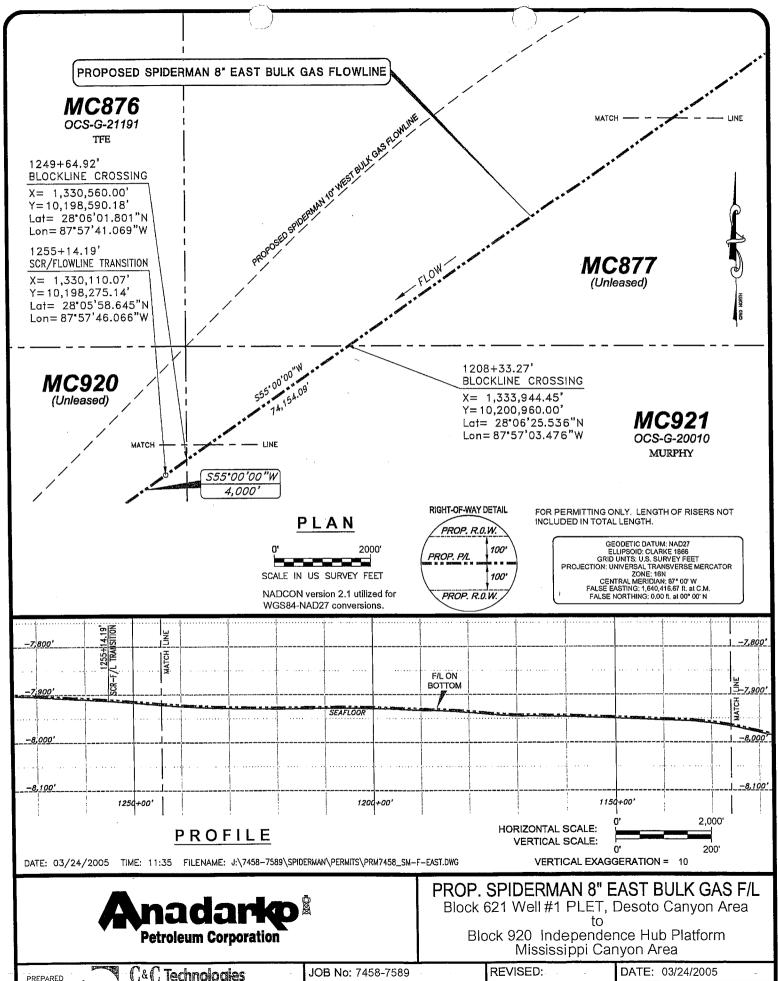
FILENAME: PRM7458 SM-F-EAST, DWG

SURVEY SERVICES 230 F. KAUSTE SALOON ROAD, LAFAYETTE, LA. (337) 261-0560

SHEET 9 of 13



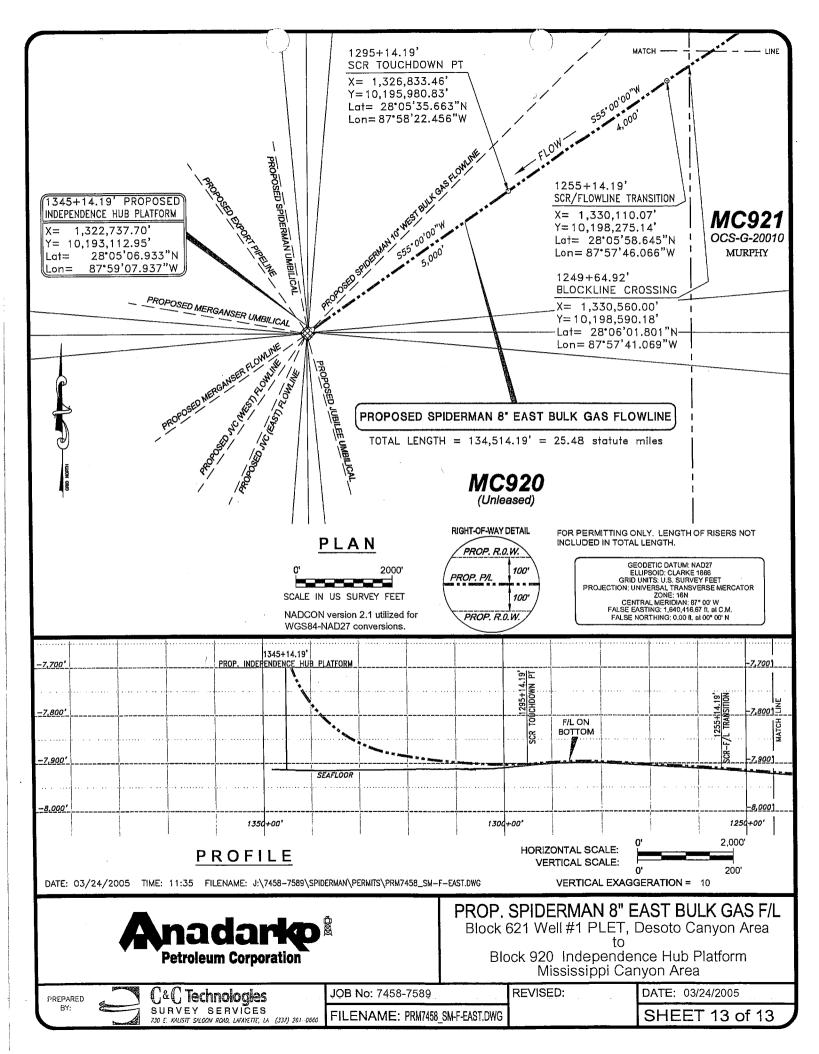


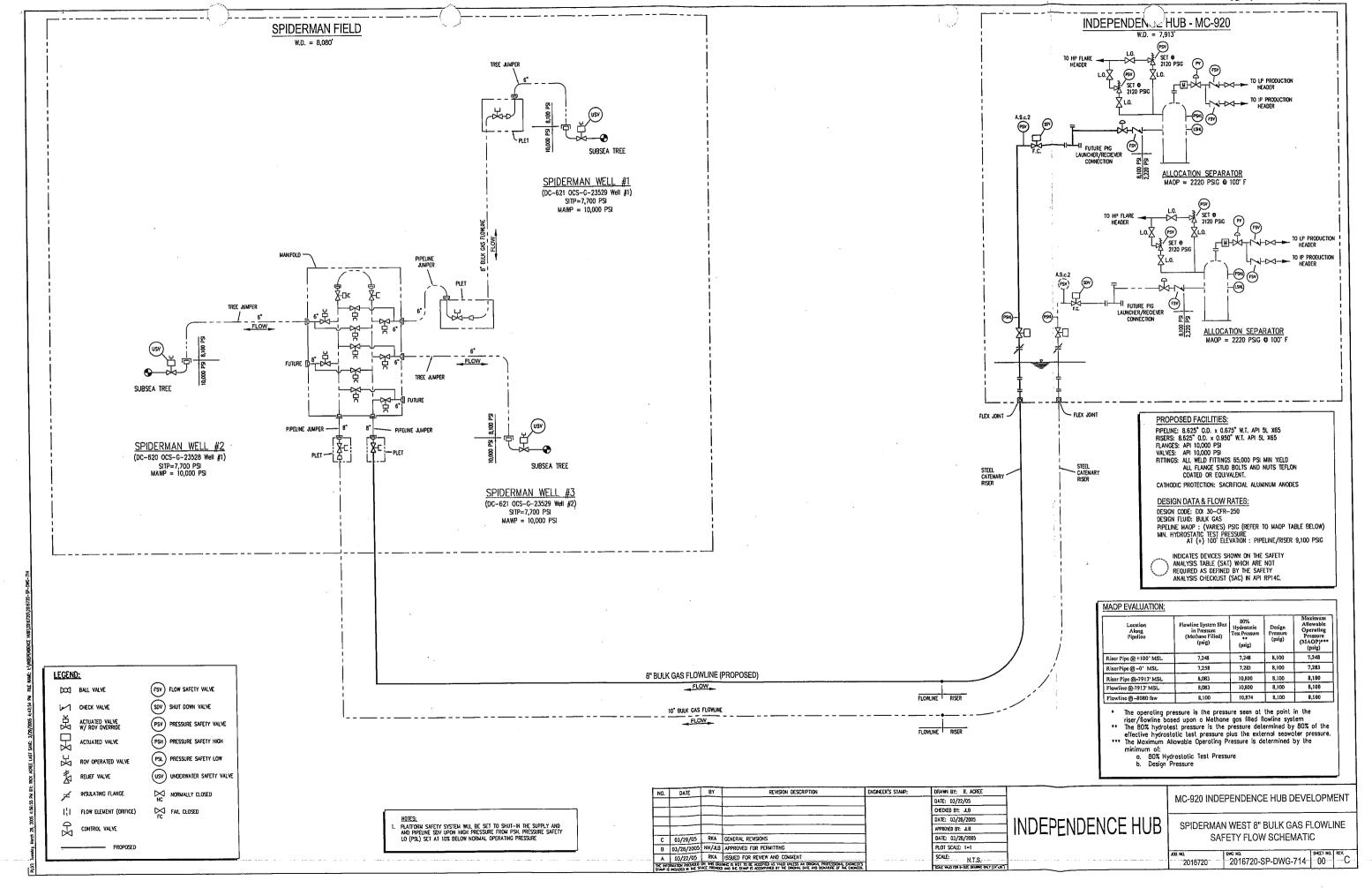


C&C Technologies SURVEY SERVICES 730 E. KALISTE SALOON ROAD, LAFAYETTE, LA (337) 261-0660

FILENAME: PRM7458 SM-F-EAST, DWG

**SHEET 12 of 13** 







# VIA CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT

April 4, 2005

Marathon Oil Company 5555 San Felipe Houston, TX 77056

ATTN:

Mike Koenig

RE:

Application for an 8" Bulk Gas Right-of-Way Pipeline to be in Installed and/or

Through DeSoto Canyon Block 664, OCS Federal Waters, Gulf of Mexico, Offshore

Mr. Koenig:

In accordance with 30 CFR, Part 250.1010(c), Anadarko Petroleum Corporation hereby gives notice we have made application with the Minerals Management Service to install the referenced 8" bulk gas right-of-way pipeline. The proposed pipeline crosses Marathon's DeSoto Canyon Area Block 664 as shown in the attached application.

We hereby request a letter of no objection to this proposal. Please send your response to my attention at the address above. I can be reached at (832) 636-8758 if you have any questions. Your prompt response would be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Susan Hathcock

Supervisor, Regulatory & Environmental

SH:si

Enclosures



# VIA CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT

April 4, 2005

Dominion Exploration and Production, Inc. 1450 Poydras Street
New Orleans, LA 70112-6000

ATTN:

Mitch Ackal

RE:

Application for an 8" Bulk Gas Right-of-Way Pipeline to be in Installed and/or Through DeSoto Canyon Block 751, OCS Federal Waters, Gulf of Mexico, Offshore

Mr. Ackal:

In accordance with 30 CFR, Part 250.1010(c), Anadarko Petroleum Corporation hereby gives notice we have made application with the Minerals Management Service to install the referenced 8" bulk gas right-of-way pipeline. The proposed pipeline crosses Dominion's DeSoto Canyon Area Block 751 as shown in the attached application.

We hereby request a letter of no objection to this proposal. Please send your response to my attention at the address above. I can be reached at (832) 636-8758 if you have any questions. Your prompt response would be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Susan Hathcock

Supervisor, Regulatory & Environmental

SH:sj

Enclosures



#### VIA CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT

April 4, 2005

Murphy Exploration & Production Company - USA 131 South Robertson New Orleans, LA 70112

ATTN:

Steve Jones

RE:

Application for an 8" Bulk Gas Right-of-Way Pipeline to be in Installed and/or Through Blocks 793 and 794 DeSoto Canyon Area, and Block 921 Mississippi Canyon Area, OCS Federal Waters, Gulf of Mexico, Offshore

Mr. Jones:

In accordance with 30 CFR, Part 250.1010(c), Anadarko Petroleum Corporation hereby gives notice we have made application with the Minerals Management Service to install the referenced 8" bulk gas right-of-way pipeline. The proposed pipeline crosses Murphy's DeSoto Canyon Area Blocks 793 and 794, and Mississippi Canyon Area Block 921, as shown in the attached application.

We hereby request a letter of no objection to this proposal. Please send your response to my attention at the address above. I can be reached at (832) 636-8758 if you have any questions. Your prompt response would be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Susan Hathcock

Supervisor, Regulatory & Environmental

Lucan Hothes

SH:sj

Enclosures



#### VIA CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT

April 4, 2005

Exxon Mobil 222 Benmar Houston, TX 77060

ATTN:

Byron Morris

RE:

Application for an 8" Bulk Gas Right-of-Way Pipeline to be in Installed and/or Through DeSoto Canyon Block 837, OCS Federal Waters, Gulf of Mexico, Offshore

Mr. Morris:

In accordance with 30 CFR, Part 250.1010(c), Anadarko Petroleum Corporation hereby gives notice we have made application with the Minerals Management Service to install the referenced 8" bulk gas right-of-way pipeline. The proposed pipeline crosses Mobil's DeSoto Canyon Area Block 837 as shown in the attached application.

We hereby request a letter of no objection to this proposal. Please send your response to my attention at the address above. I can be reached at (832) 636-8758 if you have any questions. Your prompt response would be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Susan Hathcock

Supervisor, Regulatory & Environmental

SH:sj

Enclosures



April 4, 2005

Ms. Lynn Griffin Coastal Program Administrator Florida Department of Environmental Protection 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Stop 47 Tallahassee, FL 32399-3000

RE: CZM Consistency Certification

8" Bulk Gas Pipeline Right-of-Way Application

From Desoto Canyon Block 621 (Spiderman) Well No. 1 PLET to Mississippi

Canyon Block 920 Floating Production Platform (Independence Hub)

#### Gentlemen:

Enclosed are seven (7) copies of Anadarko Petroleum Corporation's application to the Minerals Management Service for an 8" bulk gas pipeline right-of-way to be installed in and/or through Desoto Canyon Blocks 621, 620, 664, 708, 752, 751, 795, 794, 793, and 837 and Mississippi Canyon Blocks 877, 921, and 920. The onshore support base for installation of the pipeline is Fourchon, Louisiana.

If you should have any questions, please call me at 832/636-8758.

Sincerely,

Susan Hathcock

Regulatory & Environmental Coordinator

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SH/me

Enclosures (1)

#### **CONSISTENCY CERTIFICATION**

# Anadarko Petroleum Corporation's Certification of Consistency with the State of Florida Coastal Management Program

#### INTRODUCTION

This Consistency Certification is an evaluation by Anadarko Petroleum Corporation (APC) of its proposed right-of-way (ROW) pipeline between APC's Independence Hub in Mississippi Canyon Block 920 and its proposed production subsea facility in Desoto Canyon Area Block 621 for any reasonably foreseeable coastal effects on the land, water uses, or natural resources of the coastal zone of Florida, pursuant to the enforceable policies of the Florida Coastal Management Program (FCMP).

APC plans to lay a pipeline between the Independence Hub in Mississippi Canyon Block 920 and its subsea production facility in Desoto Canyon Block 621. The pipeline is an 8-inch east flow pipeline. The activities proposed in the ROW pipeline application will occur in outer continental shelf (OCS) waters, offshore Alabama, approximately 136 miles from the nearest Florida shoreline. APC believes that the planned activities will have little, if any, effect beyond the area immediately adjacent to the proposed activity sites, and that the possibility of any impacts to Florida's coastal zone is remote. However, APC has undertaken this consistency evaluation and believes that the proposed activities comply with the enforceable policies of the FCMP and will be conducted in a manner consistent with this Program.

The activities will be conducted in accordance with Minerals Management Service (MMS) and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) regulations, applicable Notices to Lessees (NTLs), conditions in the approved permits, and lease stipulations. All required Federal permits will be obtained, and all activities will be conducted in compliance with such regulations, NTLs, conditions, and stipulations.

#### CONSISTENCY ANALYSIS

The FCMP is authorized by the Florida Coastal Management Act, Chapter 380, Land and Water Management, Part II, Coastal Planning and Management, of the Florida Statutes. For this consistency certification, APC has analyzed the proposed action in relation to 16 chapters of the Florida Statutes identified by the State as "core enforceable policies" having specific applicability to offshore oil and gas activity:

- (1) Chapter 161 Beach and Shore Preservation
- (2) Chapter 252 Emergency Management
- (3) Chapter 253 State Lands
- (4) Chapter 258 State Parks and Preserves
- (5) Chapter 259 Land Acquisitions for Conservation or Recreation
- (6) Chapter 260 Recreational Trails System
- (7) Chapter 267 Archives, History, and Records Management
- (8) Chapter 288 Commercial Development and Capital Improvements

- (9) Chapter 370 Saltwater Fisheries
- (10) Chapter 372 Wildlife
- (11) Chapter 373 Water Resources
- (12) Chapter 375 Outdoor Recreation and Conservation
- (13) Chapter 376 Pollution Discharge Prevention and Removal
- (14) Chapter 377 Energy Resources
- (15) Chapter 403 Environmental Control
- (16) Chapter 582 Soil and Water Conservation

#### 1. Chapter 161 - Beach and Shore Preservation

The enforceable policies in this chapter recognize that coastal areas are among the State's most valuable natural, aesthetic, and economic resources and that they protect and provide habitat for a variety of plant and animal life. The State is required to protect beach and dune systems from imprudent activities that could weaken, damage, or destroy the integrity of the system, manage coastal sediments to reduce erosion, and restore and maintain critically eroding beaches. The State also designates coastal areas used, or likely to be used, by sea turtles for nesting and prohibits the removal of vegetative cover that binds sand. This chapter includes Part I, Regulation of Construction, Reconstruction, and Other Physical Activity; Part II, Beach and Shore Preservation Districts; and Part III, Coastal Zone Protection.

As APC will be using the existing dock and port facilities in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities in Galliano, Louisiana during the proposed operations, there will be no new construction, dredging, or filling on Florida's lands or waters that could weaken, damage, or destroy the integrity of the system or cause erosion of beaches. In addition, oil spill impacts on Florida beaches and other coastal areas are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional Oil Spill Response Plan (OSRP), which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 136 miles). The precautions included in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of protecting beach and dune systems. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 161.

#### 2. Chapter 252 - Emergency Management

The enforceable policies of this chapter direct the State to reduce the vulnerability of its people and property to natural and manmade disasters; prepare for, respond to, and reduce the impacts of natural and manmade disasters; and decrease the time and resources needed to recover from disasters. Disaster mitigation is necessary to ensure the common defense of Floridians' lives and to protect the public peace, health, and safety. The policies provide the means to assist in the prevention or mitigation of emergencies that may be caused or aggravated by the inadequate planning or regulation of facilities and land uses. State agencies are directed to keep land uses and facility construction under continuing study and identify areas that are particularly susceptible to natural or manmade catastrophic occurrences.

The proposed activities do not involve construction or operation of any facilities in the State of Florida. Therefore, a large oil spill is the only emergency that is considered relevant to this

analysis. APC has developed a Sub-Regional OSRP that outlines response actions, inspection and maintenance of response equipment, required spill response drills, governmental notification procedures, inventories of response equipment, response team organization, spill movement monitoring, and contingency plans for oil spill containment, recovery, and removal. An oil spill is highly unlikely to reach Florida waters or shorelines due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 136 miles). The precautions included in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of preparing for and responding to an oil spill and reducing the vulnerability of Florida's people and resources to impacts if such a spill occurred. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 252.

# 3. Chapter 253 - State Lands

This chapter, in part, defines State-owned and State-managed lands and grants authority to acquire and lease lands and to grant rights-of-way and easements. The enforceable policies guide the management of State-owned and sovereign submerged lands and property by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund (Trustees). Lands acquired for preservation, conservation, and recreation serve the public interest by contributing to the public health, welfare, and economy. In carrying out the requirements of this statute, the Trustees are directed to take necessary action to fully conserve and protect State lands, maintain natural conditions, protect and enhance natural areas and ecosystems, prevent damage and depredation, and preserve archaeological and historical resources. All submerged lands are considered single-use lands to be maintained in natural condition for the propagation of fish and wildlife and public recreation. Where multiple-uses are permitted, ecosystem integrity, recreational benefits, and wildlife values are conserved and protected.

During the operations along the pipeline route between Mississippi Canyon Block 920 and Desoto Canyon Block 621, APC will not seek to lease or acquire rights-of-way across Florida State lands. The proposed operations will be conducted offshore Alabama, and at existing dock and port facilities located in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities at Galliano, Louisiana. There will be no pipeline construction requiring acquisition of rights-of-way or easements on Florida State lands. In addition, oil spill impacts on State-owned and managed lands are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 136 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies to fully conserve and protect State lands and other natural areas and ecosystems. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 253.

# 4. Chapter 258 - State Parks and Preserves

State parks, aquatic preserves, and recreation areas are acquired to exemplify the State's natural values and to ensure that these values are conserved for all time. Parks and preserves are managed for the non-depleting use, enjoyment, and benefit of Floridians and visitors and to contribute to the State's tourist appeal. Aquatic preserves are recognized as having exceptional biological, aesthetic, and scientific value and are set aside for the benefit of future generations. Disruptive physical activities and polluting discharges are highly restricted in aquatic preserves. State managed wild and scenic rivers possess exceptionally remarkable and unique ecological,

fish and wildlife, and recreational values and are designated for permanent preservation and enhancement for both the present and future.

Chapter 258 specifies limitations on dredge-and-fill activities, discharges, erection of structures, and drilling for oil or gas within aquatic preserves. APC's proposed activities along the proposed pipeline route are not within or adjacent to any State parks or aquatic preserves. Hydrostatic testing discharges for the proposed activity will be governed by the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) General Permit or an Individual Permit; impacts will be localized in deep, offshore waters, and will not have any effect on State parks, aquatic preserves, and recreation areas. Finally, oil spill impacts in these coastal areas are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 136 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of preserving and protecting the natural resources and aesthetic values of Florida's State parks, aquatic preserves, and recreation areas. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 258.

## 5. Chapter 259 - Land Acquisitions for Conservation or Recreation

This chapter discusses the "Land Conservation Act" and the acquisition of lands or water areas for preservation, conservation, and recreational purposes. The chapter indicates an area is of special importance to the State if it involves an endangered or natural resource in imminent danger of development, is of unique value to the State, will result in irreparable loss to the State, or will impair the State's ability to manage or protect other State-owned lands. The enforceable policies guide the acquisition and management of lands to conserve and maintain the State's unique natural resources, protect environmental quality, and provide recreation opportunities for the benefit of future generations. Florida's legislature and citizens have made a tremendous financial commitment to long-term land acquisitions that will preserve and restore unique ecosystems, habitats, water resources, and recreational lands.

APC will be using existing dock and port facilities in Port Fourchon, Louisiana and helicopter facilities in Galliano, Louisiana during the proposed activities. Therefore, there will be no new development, construction, dredging, or filling on Florida's lands or waters. In addition, hydrostatic testing discharges for the proposed activity will be governed by the NPDES General Permit or an Individual Permit; impacts will be localized in deep, offshore waters and will not have any effect on Florida lands being acquired or managed for preservation, conservation, or recreational purposes. Finally, oil spill impacts in these coastal areas are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 136 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of managing lands to conserve and maintain the State's unique natural resources, protect environmental quality, and provide recreation opportunities. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 259.

#### 6. Chapter 260 – Recreational Trails System

This chapter discusses the "Florida Greenways and Trails Act," and the State policies to conserve, develop, and use its natural resources for healthful and recreational purposes by the establishment of a "Florida Greenways and Trails System." The System serves to provide recreational opportunities, including, among others, canoeing, jogging, and historical and archaeological interpretation, by acquiring designated lands and waterways for open space to benefit environmentally sensitive lands and wildlife.

As APC will be using existing dock and port facilities in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities in Galliano, Louisiana, there will be no new construction, dredging, or filling on Florida's lands or waters, and no motorized watercraft will conduct any operations within or adjacent to any defined canoe trail necessary to ensure the safe use of a water body for canoes. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with the core policies of Chapter 260.

# 7. Chapter 267 - Archives, History, and Records Management

This chapter discusses the "Florida Historical Resources Act," the State policy to locate, inventory, and evaluate historic properties, and the preservation by the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State, of all historical property, including sunken or abandoned ships with intrinsic historical or archaeological value. The enforceable policies recognize the State's rich and unique heritage of historic resources and direct the State to locate, acquire, protect, preserve, operate, and interpret historic and archaeological resources for the benefit of current and future generations of Floridians. Objects or artifacts with intrinsic historic or archaeological value located on, or abandoned on, State-owned lands or State-owned submerged lands belong to the citizens of the State. The Act operates in conjunction with the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 to require State and Federal agencies to consider the effect of their direct or indirect actions on historic and archaeological resources. These resources cannot be destroyed or altered unless no prudent alternative exists. Unavoidable impacts must be mitigated.

In compliance with MMS NTL 98-20, APC engaged C & C Technologies, Inc. (C&C) to evaluate 3-D seismic data in the preparation of a Shallow Hazards Report, in order to identify and assess the seafloor and shallow geologic conditions along the pipeline route.

The blocks along the pipeline route are not on the MMS list of blocks determined to have a high probability of either prehistoric or historical archaeological resources. Therefore, no archaeological survey or report is required under NTL 2002-G01. It is highly unlikely that objects or artifacts with intrinsic historic or archaeological value would be affected by APC's activities. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with the core policies of Chapter 267.

C&C delineated 77 unidentified sonar targets during the route survey. The locations of all unidentified side-scan sonar contacts as well as manmade features will be noted and avoided during the pipeline installation.

# 8. Chapter 288 - Commercial Development and Capital Improvements

Chapter 288 establishes enforceable policies that promote and develop the general business, trade, and tourism components of the State economy. The policies include requirements to protect and promote the natural, coastal, historical, and cultural tourism assets of the State, foster the development of nature-based tourism and recreation, and upgrade the image of Florida as a quality destination. Natural resource-based tourism and recreational activities are critical sectors of Florida's economy. The needs of the environment must be balanced with the need for growth and economic development.

As APC will be using existing dock and port facilities in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities in Galliano, Louisiana during the proposed operations, there will be no activities conducted in Florida that would affect the general business, trade, or tourism components of the State economy. There will be no project-associated vessel or aircraft traffic in Florida waters, and there are no plans to purchase supplies or equipment in Florida. The project area is at least 136 miles from the nearest Florida shoreline, and activities will not be visible from the coast or Florida State waters. Hydrostatic testing discharges for the proposed activity will be governed by the NPDES General Permit or an Individual Permit; impacts will be localized in deep, offshore waters and will not pollute Florida land or waters. Disposal of trash and debris into the ocean is strictly prohibited, and waste management practices required by MMS under NTL 2003-G11 and Lease Stipulation No. 4 will minimize the chance of trash or debris being lost overboard and subsequently washing up on beaches. Oil spill impacts in Florida coastal areas are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spilland (2) the distance from shore (approximately 136 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of protecting the natural, coastal, historical, and cultural tourism assets of the State and maintaining the image of Florida as a quality destination. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 288.

#### 9. Chapter 370 - Saltwater Fisheries

The enforceable policies of this chapter direct the State to conserve and manage its renewable marine fishery resources through the protection and management of marine habitat and saltwater fisheries. The paramount conservation and management objective is the continuing health and abundance of the resource. Best available information must be used to manage and protect the State's marine, crustacean, shellfish, and finfish resources and to regulate the commercial and recreational use of the State's saltwater fisheries to ensure optimum sustained benefits to the people of the State.

Hydrostatic testing discharges will be in compliance with the standards imposed by the NPDES General Permit or an Individual Permit. Water quality is expected to quickly return to normal in the area after operations have been completed. Due to the low toxicity and rapid dispersion of discharges, little or no impact on water column biota is likely, including fish larvae that recruit to nearshore nursery areas.

APC's Sub-Regional OSRP outlines response actions for specific hypothetical spill events. The Sub-Regional OSRP makes provisions for the use of a dispersant by boat or aerial application, but notes that before a dispersant can be applied, Federal and State authorities must grant permission. Additional items that are addressed in the plan include provisions for inspection and maintenance of response equipment; required spill response drills; procedures for spill notification to government agencies; inventories of locally and nationally available response equipment; hierarchy of response team organization; provisions for disposal of wastes; and procedures for monitoring and predicting spill movement. If an oil spill should occur, APC's Sub-Regional OSRP addresses plans and procedures for containment, recovery, and removal. The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of conserving and protecting marine habitat and saltwater fisheries and maintaining the continuing health and abundance of the resource. Therefore, APC's proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 370.

#### 10. Chapter 372 - Wildlife

This chapter discusses the "Florida Endangered and Threatened Species Act" and its implementation by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission to conserve and protect the fish and wildlife resources of the State, particularly those species defined as endangered or threatened. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission has established a Wildlife Habitat Program, and a Conservation and Recreation Lands Program Trust Fund, for acquiring and managing lands for the conservation of fish and wildlife. The enforceable policies direct the State to conserve its diverse fish and wildlife resources. Florida has more endangered or threatened species than any other continental state; therefore, the protection of species defined as endangered or threatened is emphasized. State lands that provide habitat needed by these species shall be maintained and enhanced for their value as fish and wildlife habitat. Substances thrown, spilled, drained, or discharged into fresh waters that injure or kill fish are expressly prohibited.

As APC will be using the existing dock and port facilities in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities in Galliano, Louisiana, there will be no new construction, dredging, or filling on Florida's lands or waters to affect wildlife habitats or recreation lands. Hydrostatic testing discharges for the proposed activity will be governed by the NPDES General Permit or an Individual Permit; impacts will be localized in deep, offshore waters and will not pollute Florida land or waters. Disposal of trash and debris into the ocean is strictly prohibited, and waste management practices required by MMS under NTL 2003-G11 and Lease Stipulation No. 4 will minimize the chance of trash or debris being lost overboard and subsequently endangering Florida wildlife. Oil spill impacts in Florida coastal areas are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 136 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of conserving Florida's fish and wildlife resources, including endangered or threatened species. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 372.

#### 11. Chapter 373 - Water Resources

This chapter establishes enforceable policies that guide the management and protection of water resources, water quality, and environmental quality. The policies address the conservation of surface and ground waters for full beneficial use; sustainable water management; preservation of natural resources, fish, and wildlife; protecting public land; and promoting the health and general welfare of Floridians. The State manages and conserves water and related natural resources by determining whether activities will unreasonably consume water, degrade water quality, or adversely affect environmental values such as protected species habitat, recreational pursuits, and marine productivity.

As APC will be using the existing dock and port facilities in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities in Galliano, Louisiana, there will be no usage of Florida water resources and no new construction, dredging, or filling on Florida's lands or waters to affect water quality, protected habitat, recreational pursuits, or marine productivity. Hydrostatic testing discharges for the proposed activity will be governed by the NPDES General Permit or an Individual Permit; impacts will be localized in deep, offshore waters and will not pollute Florida land or waters. In addition, oil spill impacts on Florida water resources are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 136 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of conserving surface and ground waters for full beneficial use and protecting natural resources, fish, wildlife, and public lands. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 373.

#### 12. Chapter 375 - Outdoor Recreation and Conservation

This chapter discusses the "Outdoor Recreation and Conservation Act of 1963" and the responsibility of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) to implement a comprehensive outdoor recreation plan in cooperation with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the water management districts. The FDEP participates in the land and water conservation fund program to acquire lands and water areas for outdoor recreation, natural resource conservation, wildlife and forestry management, and water conservation and control. The Act also empowers the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission to regulate motor vehicle access and traffic control on public lands.

APC will be using the existing dock and port facilities in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities in Galliano, Louisiana. Therefore, there will be no new construction, dredging, or filling on Florida's lands or waters, and no new vehicle traffic on public lands. In addition, oil spill impacts on Florida conservation, recreation, or resource areas are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 136 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of preserving Florida's lands and water areas for outdoor recreation, conservation, and wildlife management. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 375.

# 13. Chapter 376 - Pollution Discharge Prevention and Removal

Chapter 376 declares that the preservation of the seacoast as a source of public and private recreation and the preservation of water and certain lands are matters of the highest urgency and priority and shall be accomplished by maintaining surface and ground water, coastal waters, estuaries, tidal flats, beaches, and public lands adjoining the seacoast in as close to a pristine condition as possible. The discharge of pollutants into or upon any coastal waters, estuaries, tidal flats, beaches, and lands adjoining the seacoast of the State is declared to be inimical to the paramount interests of the State and is prohibited. The statute provides for hazards and threats of danger and damages resulting from any pollutant discharge to be evaluated, requires the prompt containment and removal of pollution, provides penalties for violations, and ensures the prompt payment of reasonable damages from a discharge. Portions of Chapter 376 serve as a complement to the national contingency plan portions of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act.

APC has prepared a Sub-Regional OSRP as required for the Eastern Planning Area, which must be consistent with the National Contingency Plan, and with the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA), in order to obtain MMS approval. As APC will be using the existing dock and port facilities in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area, there will be no transfers between vessels and Florida onshore facilities. As to transfers between offshore facilities and vessels, APC's Sub-Regional OSRP outlines response actions, inspection and maintenance of response equipment, required spill response drills, governmental notification procedures, inventories of response equipment, response team organization, spill movement monitoring, and contingency plans for oil spill containment, recovery, and removal. The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of preventing unauthorized pollutant discharges and maintaining surface and ground water, coastal waters, estuaries, tidal flats, beaches, and public lands in as close to a pristine condition as possible. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 376.

#### 14. Chapter 377 - Energy Resources

The State's policy is to conserve and control the oil and gas resources in the State, including products made from these resources, and to safeguard the health, property, and welfare of Floridians. To accomplish this, Chapter 377 addresses the regulation, planning, and development of the energy resources of the State. The FDEP is authorized to regulate all phases of exploration, drilling, and production of oil, gas, and other petroleum products in the State. This chapter describes the permitting requirements and criteria necessary to drill for and develop oil and gas. FDEP rules ensure that all precautions are taken to prevent the spillage of oil or any other pollutant in all phases of extraction and transportation.

The State explicitly prohibits pollution resulting from drilling and production activities. No person drilling for or producing oil, gas, or other petroleum products may pollute land or water; damage aquatic or marine life, wildlife, birds, or public or private property; or allow any extraneous matter to enter or damage any mineral or freshwater-bearing formation. Penalties for violations of any provisions of this chapter are detailed.

The proposed project does not involve any activities in Florida that are regulated by the FDEP. Hydrostatic testing discharges will be in accordance with the NPDES General Permit or an

Individual Permit; impacts will be localized in deep, offshore waters and will not pollute Florida land or waters, damage wildlife or public or private property, or contaminate any mineral or freshwater-bearing formation. Disposal of trash and debris into the ocean is strictly prohibited, and waste management practices required by MMS under NTL 2003-G11 and Lease Stipulation No. 4 will minimize the chance of trash or debris being lost overboard and subsequently washing up on Florida shorelines or waters. Oil spill impacts in Florida coastal areas are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 136 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of safeguarding the health, property, and welfare of Floridians and preventing pollution during offshore activities. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 377.

#### 15. Chapter 403 – Environmental Control

Chapter 403 establishes enforceable policies that guide environmental control efforts by conserving State waters, protecting and improving water quality for consumption and for the propagation of fish and wildlife, and maintaining air quality to protect human health and plant and animal life. Statutory provisions are enacted to protect the health, peace, safety, and general welfare of the people of the State. The statute provides wide-ranging authority to address various environmental control concerns, including air and water pollution, resource recovery and management, solid and hazardous waste management, drinking water protection, pollution prevention, ecosystem management, and natural gas transmission pipeline siting. Chapter 403 declares that pollution of the air and waters is a menace to public health and is harmful to wildlife, fish, and other aquatic life; that the policy of the State is to conserve, maintain, and improve its waters and air quality, and to develop a comprehensive program for its prevention, abatement, and control of pollution by establishing ambient air and water quality standards.

Projected air emissions for the proposed activities fall well below allowable exemption levels and will not result in onshore ambient air concentrations above significant levels as prescribed in the regulations. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with the core policies of Chapter 403.

Hydrostatic testing discharges shall be in compliance with the standards imposed by the USEPA Region IV NPDES General Permit or an Individual Permit. Discharges from project activities may temporarily affect water quality in the immediate vicinity of the operations, but would not affect water quality or wildlife in Florida State waters. Pollution of coastal waters by an oil spill is highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill; and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 136 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of conserving State waters and protecting water and air quality. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 403.

### 16. Chapter 582 - Soil and Water Conservation

The enforceable policies in this chapter require the conservation, development, and use of soil and water resources to preserve natural resources and to control and prevent soil erosion. Soil stabilization preserves State and private lands, protects wildlife habitat, maintains water quality, assists in the maintenance of navigable waterways, and prevents the impairment of dams and reservoirs.

The proposed operations will be conducted offshore Alabama, and at APC's existing dock and port facilities located in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities at Galliano, Louisiana. Routine operations will not involve any construction or other activities in Florida that could result in soil erosion. Oil spill impacts on Florida soils are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 136 miles). Any cleanup or recovery activities in Florida would be conducted using applicable best management practices to minimize soil erosion. The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of preserving Florida's natural resources and preventing soil erosion. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 582.

#### CERTIFICATION

The proposed activity complies with the enforceable policies of Florida's approved Coastal Management Program and will be conducted in a manner consistent with such Program.

ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

L. Susan Hathcock

Regulatory & Environmental Coordinator

L. Susan Hath

April 1, 2005



April 4, 2005

Coastal Management Division ATTN: OCS Plans P. O. Box 44487 Baton Rouge, LA 70804-4487

RE:

CZM Consistency Certification

8" Bulk Gas Pipeline Right-of-Way Application

From Desoto Canyon Block 621 (Spiderman) Well No. 1 PLET to Mississippi

Canyon Block 920 Floating Production Platform (Independence Hub)

#### Gentlemen:

Enclosed is a copy of Anadarko Petroleum Corporation's application to the Minerals Management Service for an 8" bulk gas pipeline right-of-way to be installed in and/or through Desoto Canyon Blocks 621, 620, 664, 708, 752, 751, 795, 794, 793, and 837 and Mississippi Canyon Blocks 877, 921, and 920. The onshore support base for installation of the pipeline is Fourchon, Louisiana. Our check in the amount of \$300.00 is enclosed covering the processing fee for a federal consistency determination for this right-of-way.

If you should have any questions, please call me at 832/636-8758.

Lathor

Sincerely,

Susan Hathcock

Regulatory & Environmental Coordinator

SH/me

Enclosures (2)

# COASTAL ZONE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM CONSISTENCY CERTIFICATION

From Desoto Canyon Block 621 Well No. 1 PLET

To Mississippi Canyon Block 920 Floating Production Platform

25.48 Length (miles)

The proposed activities described in detail in this right-of-way pipeline application comply with the enforceable policies of Louisiana's approved Coastal Management Program(s) and will be conducted in a manner consistent with such Program(s).

Anadarko Petroleum Corporation Right-of-Way Applicant

Certifying Official

4/4/05 Date



April 4, 2005

Mississippi Department of Marine Resources Coastal Ecology Office ATTN: Mike Walker 1141 Bayview Avenue, Suite 101 Biloxi, MS 39530

RE:

**CZM Consistency Certification** 

8" Bulk Gas Pipeline Right-of-Way Application

From Desoto Canyon Block 621 (Spiderman) Well No. 1 PLET to Mississippi

Canyon Block 920 Floating Production Platform (Independence Hub)

Mr Walker:

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If you should have any questions, please call me at 832/636-8758.

Sincerely,

Susan Hathcock

Regulatory & Environmental Coordinator

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SH/me

Enclosures (1)

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From Desoto Canyon Block 621 Well No. 1 PLET

To Mississippi Canyon Block 920 Floating Production Platform

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> Anadarko Petroleum Corporation Right-of-Way Applicant

Certifying Official

4/4/05 Date

# Enclosure

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				632-030-0200	Fax	46
				832-636-8736	Phone No.	45
				Anadarko Petroleulii Corporation	Company name	44
				Susan Hathcock	Regulatory contact (Name)	
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				00981	Operator's MMS code (five digit)	41
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		á	20		NO	Open	920	Mississippi Canyon	Yes	Proposed	Platform			No	No	OCS-G-23529	621	Desoto Canyon	No	NA.	Subsea Manifold		200	enn	Ves	Yes	Yes	NA O	124 514	Gae		Mellon Bank, N.A	/484b3	3/31/2005	\$4,300.00	25.48	Yes	Yes			doirond@cc-lc.net	281-955-2664	713-816-0247	Cypress Cor	В
						ן ד		Canyon		sed						3529		anyon								ļ			14				2	05	00	3					-lc.net	2664	0247	nsulfina	
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152	151	150	149	-	1/8	147	146	7		144 D	143	142	3	14 10	140	139	<u>j</u>			200	35	134 <b>C</b> 2	133	132	131	1 :	30	120 BD:	128	127 J.Y	126	120	1	2	193 V:		121	120			¥	=	116	15 Pu	114 HV	113 lnh	112 CC	111 Wia	10	109	8	Š			105 Pin	104		102	_
Coating thickness (mils or inches)	Type external corrosion coating	splash zone=S.Z.	THE DOUBLINE BY THE PROPERTY OF STREET STREET STREET	The second of th	Hudrostatic test pressure (psig)	Grade	AND RECKIEGO (ESCICO)	Checida ciriliano la companya	Outside diameter (inches)	Departing Riser Design Data				Designs for systems office than bracelet anodes required. (Attached/NA)	Anode life (years)	Number of anodes	Spacing (leas)	Not office And Grant Boothard	* De Coorde (march) (normale)	Anade Tyne e.a. Galvalum III. Aluminum, etc	esign Type e.g. bracelet anodes anode sleds	Cathodic Protection Design Data		If yes, note type, e.g., coil tubing, pipe-in-pipe, flexible pipe, other (specify) (Type/NA)	pe is non-standard : (Y/N)	and the second s	/aighted nine specific gravity	are bibe specific gravity	Coating thickness (mils) (Mils/NA)	pe internal corresion coaung (1 ype/lvs)	Coating trickness (inches)	Stinter podulis versal Areas	24 Control water of the first	Corrosion mattor thickness (mills)	ne external corrosion coating	HTP: duration (hours) (Must be equal to or greater than eight)	Hydrostatic test pressure (psig)	Giade	A COLL EMPLOY GRANT ( I TO I GRA)	White trace (name)	THE HEAD COMPONENT DOUBLE PROPERTY	merged Component Design Data	)	Paraffin anticipated (Y/N)	Hydrates anticipated (Y/N)	Inhibition program planned? (Y/N)	CO <sub>2</sub> concentration (ppm)	aximum anticipated piperine telliperature tuegrees its	mza Guiterill daon (liberil)	DOS CONCONTRATION (DOM)	NOTION PROGRAMMY OF OUR CONTROL OF THE STATE	Cia in Signatural flow rate of oll/condensate (b/d)	Crayity of pas (Air = 1 ft)	sion maximum flow rate of das (mmcfd)	Pineline product data		Construction start date (projected)	Pipeline construction duration (days)	A
											ĕ			Attached/NA)::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::						A	Brac			pe, other (specify) (Type/NA)	CONTROL (CONTROL OF CONTROL OF CO														A			Di																	
NA S		NA CIT	Below S.Z.	Na	NA	5	NA	NA NA	NA	1				NA	30.4	4 00	291	480	72.7	Aluminum	Bracelet Anodes					NA NA	2.21	2.21	2 5	NIA	NA	NA	NA	18	Fusion Bonded Epoxy	1	a 100 (refer to application)	er to application)	API-5L X65	0.675		Diameter 1 D							140	0	35	NA	0.65	150			11/1/2005	21	2
			In S.Z.							Diamore, F	iameter 2																															Diameter 2																	
			Above S.Z.							1	Diameter 3																															Diameter 3	,																
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				-		_																	-																																	-			_

		204 Maximum Water deput (reet below sea Jever)
	8080	203 Minimum water depth (feet below sea level)
	NA	no If yes. State permit required (Attached/Applied For/NA)
		to Trees the sense life State waters IVN
		19/ DISNette pet 14 to act by and place of the period of t
	Yes	196 Certified Statistics : Flat & required
	Yes	
		194 Proposed Right-of-Way rockded under company Coers cuverages (1) care short units (1)
	Yes	193 VDDISE CASE GISCHARDE VOIUME (BOOK) III GEBALER WALL II, VVV III BILL VON IN TEHLERON (DANNER ON NATIONAL)
	בו	192 Static Fibeline Volume (Libis ) is gleater static toto static volume in section (1921) in the static static volume (Libis ) is gleater static toto static volume (1921) in the static volume (1921
	0425	191 Oil Spill Financial Responsibility Requirement Determination
		180
	1 63	Non-discrimination in employment form attached? (Required)
		188 Miscellaneous Data
		186 Data supporting self burial attached ( Y/NA)
	NA	=
	NA	184 Surgai Illegio (1845) Diowy Sept. Surjetts becky 184 Surjet
	NA	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	Z	1021 Denne Duna Pam 1021 Denne
		Dispelling Rurial Data
	10,000	Partial respective metric (poly)
	10,000	178 Valve (ype (ANS(AP))
	API	177 Derated pressure rating (psig/WA)
	10,000	176 Flange pressure rating (psig)
	API	75 Flange type (ANSI/API)
	Yes	If yes, VIV reduction, installation tension, anchoring, tension monitoring attached? (Y/NA)
	Yes	င္လ
	NA	Rise
	NA	
	NA	1
	18	
	Fusion Bonded Epoxy	Type exte
in S.Z. ADOVE S.Z.		
2		164 HTP: duration: (hours): (Must be equal to or greater than eight)
	9100 (refer to application)	
	API-5L X65	
	0.950	161 Wall thackness (inches)
	8 5/8	190 Outside diameter (inches)
Diameter 2 Diameter 3		
		156 Caterialy liser? (1714)
	NA	
	NA	
	NA	1

73.

253	252	251	250	249		247	246	245		243	242	241	240	239	237	236 E	235	233	232		230	229	228	227		224		222	220			217		215	213	212	211	210	20g	207	206 M	П
	H <sub>2</sub> S Crossing Controgency Plan attached as crossed pipeline cames is a self-controller advances. Creater than 20 ppm (YPending/NA)	Air Dispersion Model attached as H-S concentration greater than 500 ppm (Y/pending/NA)	H <sub>2</sub> S obelizabilis Collingerilly Flatt addaction as 12S collingualities global substitution (V/Pending/NA)	H <sub>2</sub> S Contingency Plan and Modeling Data	İ	Crossed pipeline operator notified? (Y/N/O O = crossed pipeline owned by applicant)	If concrete mats, mat edges jetted below mudline. (Yes/NA)	If concrete mat, specify manufacturer	If sand bags, slope is 3/1. (Confirm Yes/NA)	oncrete mat.)	Tyes, minimum clearance between lines must be 18". (Yes/NA)				If yes, enter noted data, adding data rows as required.	236 Does proposed appeline crass an existing pipeline {Y/N}	ipeline Crossing Data	If yes, COE parmit attached? (1/NAAr enumy)	ways consistent with ook permit	Does pipeline contact and lorage executionally consistent with COE nermit? (VINA)		If no, separate application form attached? (Yes/NA)	Attached to pipeline? (Y/N/NA; If No, will be assigned a unique segment number)	Umbilical cyto, c.g., bytataris, coord, energy (person)	Umbilical type en hydraulic electric other(specify) (Type or NA)		Shaflow Hazards Analysis Statement included? (Yes) SHAS is required in cover letter.	(1) State of the s		Distance to reef (feet).	If Yes and PL in TX., PL must be > seven times water depth away. Confirm Y/NA		If Yes and PI in I a. PL must be > 500' away. Confirm Y/NA	(N/A) SABINATA WESTER SECTION OF	II yes, diagged dii bottolii: (Tirkiya)	212 Pipeline to be towed: to location? (Y/N)		if yes, date submitted (Date/NA)	Disability State Consequence Bisin State III (NAMS? (See NTL 2000-N06) (Y/NA)	If Yes, Chemo study required (see NTL 2000-G20) (Attached/NA)	Water depth greater than 400 meters? (Y/N)	A
	NA	NA	NA				NA	NA	NA	NA	3	Nio			Operator	No			NA	NA NA			NA	NA	NA	No	Yes		Yes	NA	NA	NA	NA	Z		NA	No		Pending submittal	Auguled	Attached Attached	В
															g	Segment No.																										C
																Size (inches)																										
																Service																										
																Notified?																										
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-	-	-		-	-		-  -	-	-	-  -				-	-			-	-				-	-	-	-			-	_		-						-	-	_	-	

	Yes	
	MA	301 If production facility and uni-directional flow, SDV and FSV required (Confirm Yes/NA)
	NA	250 If pig trap prosent, series expressed with API RP 14C A7 (Confirm Yes/NA)
	NA	and if his tran present safety equipment can not be bypassed (Confirm True)
	Yes	297 If hi-directional flow SDV required (Confirm Yes/NA)
	NA	
		Engraphication permission of MSP > MAOP a redundant PSH with independent SDV is required
	NA	The second if MCD > MAOD a redundant DCH and independent SDVs required (Confirm Yes)
	Yes	
	Yes	
		291 Safety Design Review
		29(
	Attached	)
	2.69	28/ Colleges present (Fug)
	9658	Collapse pressure (psig)
	3591	T
	8080	5
		202 by Kalikovi i je o byl sonotik stoli kripi. Rajik soveti so sa
		201 Carwaran responsibility transfer noint shown? (Yes/NA)
	Varies-refer to application	200 receiving segment to this or thought to the control of the con
	NA	
	NA	Origin/desurfation specification pleass shown on scrientaries
	Yes	
	7,700	276 Pressure source identified ( well, separator; pund, etc.)
	Wells	275 Safety Schematic Information
		274
		273 Date split plan approved (Actual Date or Pending!)
		272 Date spill plan submitted to: MMS
	OCED	Sp
		,- , ·
	NA	1
	NA	
	No	286 Does pipeline tie directly another pipeline at a surface location? (Y/N)
	A	
	NA	
	NA	
	N	
	NA	
	NA	258 MAOP of pipeline being tied in to (MAOP/NA)
		257 Segment number of pipeline being fied in to (SN/NA)
		256 Ties to existing valve or hot tap? (Identify which/NA)
	NA	255 Daes pipeline lie into a subsea pipeline? (Y/N)
		254 Subsea Tie-in Data
		A
D E F G H		

351	350	349	348	347	346	345	344	ı ç	3 6	340	341				ഥ∵	33	335	334	333	332	331	ű	1	300	328	327	326	325		322	321	320	319	318	31	376	310	1	2 2	2	312	311	310	309	308		307				304	303	Ţ		
l Block	Area	Identifier				Lease		Diok.		dentifier	Facility Type	ORIGIN		Product Code	D D	pority Code	Jan			Right-of-Way Permittee Code	Right-of-Way Permittee		Disht of May Number	Segment Number		Name	PIPELINE MASTER ENTRY SHEET		Do Not Enter Data Below This Line - MMS Use Unity										II Just Appeni	If ves specify	Other departures requested? (Y/M)	311 Waiver from: N.T.L. 98-20: (buoying: of hazards): requested? (YVN)	Departure Data		If crossover platform is non-manned and non-production, have required (Commit resource)		PSHL required at departing point (Confirm Yes/NA)	If crossover platform (pipeline does not receive production), SDV required at boarding point and	If gas lift or water injection flowline on manned platform, SDV required (Confirm Yes/NA)	If gas lift or water injection flowline on unmanned platform, FSV required (Confirm Yes/NA)	If subsea tie-in and bi-directional flow, block valve required (Confirm Yes/NA)	If subsea tie-in and uni-directional flow, FSV and block valve required (Confirm Yes/NA)		A	
710	920	Mississippi Canyon	Proposed	Platform		0000	OCS-G-23529	621	Desoto Canyon	NA	Subsea Manifold	)			8 5/8	0 510	Kigiil-oi-vvay	Dight of May	NOS1	Anadarko Petroleum Cornoratio																				API 1111 For Collapse Resistance	Yes	Tes				MA	Aivi	2	MA	MA	MA	NA		В	
														MINIO EIGHTEEL EIGH	MANAC Engineer on	MINIO ELIGINOC. C	MMS Engineer entry			,			MMS Engineer entry	MMS Engineer en	MMS Eligilieer eilig	MMS Engineer on	MMS Engineer ent													0														C	
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Lease

353

354

OCS Segment Length

355

State + Federal Pipeline Length

356

Cathodic Code

357 Cathodic Life Time (Years)

358 Minimum Water Depth (feet)

359 Maximum Water Depth (feet) Buried Designator Flag
Bi-directional Flag
Bi-370 Comments 134,514 Gas Aluminum Proposed Pending Open 7913 8080 NA Yes Yes MMS Engineer entry MMS Engineer entry MMS Engineer entry